

RAMAYANA QUIZ BOOK



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BY

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**Dedicated to my mentor
Pt. Raj Bali Pandeyji**

PROLOGUE

R*amayana* is the most respected holy book of Indian literature. The purifying effect of the *Ramcharitmanas* has been flowing through the Hindu society like the purifying waters of the Ganges for centuries. Goswami Tulsidas has done the great work of bringing Rama to the entire Hindu society. Hindus living anywhere in the world have a strong religious and emotional attachment to the Ramayana and Rama. The main stories and the side stories related to Ramayana are mentioned with reverence and faith. We may have heard this tale many a time, even then we are always eager to hear it again and again and get inspired.

The birth of Shri Rama is being celebrated in Ayodhya, but we also join them and share their happiness. The happiness of King Dasharath, that of his queens and of all the inhabitants of Ayodhya becomes our happiness. Shri Rama, Lakshman, Bharat and Shatrughna's marriage celebration are attended throughout by us. Then there itself the pain of Shri Rama's banishment to the jungle becomes our pain. The sorrow of Dasharath and of the people of Ayodhya becomes our sorrow. After Sita's abduction the agitation in Shri Rama's heart agitates us as much. When Lakshman falls into a coma after Meghnad hits him with his powerful weapon Rama's sorrow with Lakshman's head in his lap makes us also cry. And after victory over Ravana and Lanka we also share in the victory celebrations; we also light earthen lamps of clarified butter. So, this is Ramayana and the people's attachment to Rama.

About fourteen or fifteen years ago when Doordarshan was telecasting the serial *Ramayana* every time, even before the serial began, the whole atmosphere seemed electrified as if a celebration was going on. Be it a village, a town or a market place, everywhere it was the same story. The labourers working in the fields would stop work and start gathering around TV sets. Market places would empty, in towns the usually busy roads would become deserted—the reason—*Ramayana* was going to be telecast. Before the telecast in many homes the women of the house would reverently wipe the place where the TV was kept and light joss sticks and *dhoop*. All this was the effect of *Ramayana*.

THE BOOK

Right from the beginning the atmosphere in my family has been influenced by Rama and Ramayana. So right from childhood I have known more about the various tales and facts than the average person about the Ramayana. But at that time I never thought that I would get an opportunity to do any work on this topic.

About four years back some people were sitting at a place and talking about the Ramayana. But their way of talking was different. They were enjoying the Ramayana through questions and answers. One would put the question then the others would think and try to answer it. By chance I happened to be there and started listening in. That's when I thought that hundreds and thousands of questions about the Ramayana could be gathered together and be made available. Then those who love Ramayana would find a different and new interest in it. Thus the idea of a questionnaire of Ramayana *prashnottari* was born and today is in front of you in the form of this book.

Although for this book I have mainly consulted *Valmeeki Ramayana*, you will find I have taken some help from *Shri Ramcharitmanas*, *Adbhut Ramayana* and the stories of Ramayana popular

in folklore. Wherever I felt the need I have consulted and taken the help of *Pauranik Kosh* by Shri Ranaprashad Sharma, *Ramayana Kosh* by Shri Ramkumar Ray, *Brihat Hindi Kosh* by Jnanmandal, Varanasi and *Bhartiya Rishi Kosh* by Dr. Jagat Narayan Dube. My respectful *pranaam* to all the learned writers of the books.

The book has three annexures. Annexure–1 introduces the lineage of Shri Rama. Annexure–2 shows the lineage of King Janaka. Annexure–3 gives the family tree of the Ravana. Hopefully these annexures will prove helpful to the readers.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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—Rajendra Pratap Singh

WHAT WAS THE NAME

1. Name the pair of *vanar* engineers in Shri Rama's army.

- (a) Angad-Hanuman
- (b) Sugreeva-Angad
- (c) Kesari-Sushen
- (d) Nal-Neel

Ans: (d) Nal-Neel

2. What was the name of the aerial vehicle on which Shri Rama, Lakshman and Sita returned from Lanka to Ayodhya?

- (a) Garud
- (b) Pushpak
- (c) Saubh
- (d) Neelkunj

Ans: (b) Pushpak

3. Whom did Hanuman bring from Lanka to help cure Lakshman's coma?

- (a) Maatali
- (b) Vishrawa
- (c) Sushen
- (d) Raibhya

Ans: (c) Sushen

4. What was the name of the medicine that Hanuman fetched to get Lakshman cured?

- (a) Prandayini booti
- (b) Sanjeevani booti
- (c) Amritanjani
- (d) Yogini

Ans: (b) Sanjeevani booti

5. What was King Janaka's actual name?

- (a) Seeradhvaj
- (b) Shatadhvaj
- (c) Kapidhwaj
- (d) Makaradhvaj

Ans: (a) Seeradhvaj

6. What was the name of Kaikeyi's maid who misled her into asking the throne for Bharat and banishment to the forest for Rama?

- (a) Devki
- (b) Sujata
- (c) Manthara
- (d) Suhasini

Ans: (c) Manthara

7. What is the name of the meter in which Valmeekei's *Ramayana* has been composed?

- (a) Chaupai
- (b) Soratha
- (c) Savaiya
- (d) Anushtup

Ans: (d) Anushtup

8. Name the spy on whose saying Rama discarded Sita?

- (a) Sumali
- (b) Manibhana
- (c) Durmukh
- (d) Chhandak

Ans: (c) Durmukh

9. Name the maid who had accompanied Kaikeyi from her maternal home?

- (a) Subhada
- (b) Manthara
- (c) Revati
- (d) Nalini

Ans: (b) Manthara

10. What was the name of that holy place where Rama took his last dip before going to his heavenly abode?

- (a) Samantpanchak
- (b) Gomantak
- (c) Gopratar
- (d) Naaradkund

Ans: (c) Gopratar

11. To which sub-caste of *kshatriyas* did Maharshi Vishwamitra belong to?

- (a) Rukmarath
- (b) Vishwarath
- (c) Chitrarath
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (b) Vishwarath

12. Name the *vanar* who was the father of Bali and Sugreeva?

- (a) Riksharaj
- (b) Jaambavan
- (c) Mainda
- (d) Gandhmadan

Ans: (a) Riksharaj

13. What is the present name of the river which was known as the Sarayu during the Ramayana era?

- (a) Yamuna

- (b) Ghaghara
- (c) Gomti
- (d) Ganga

Ans: (b) Ghaghra

14. What was the name of the great mother snake who had interrupted Hanuman's journey over the sea and had threatened to eat him?

- (a) Trijata
- (b) Manthara
- (c) Balandhara
- (d) Surasa

Ans: (d) Surasa

15. What was the name of the *yajna* performed by King Dasharath for getting sons?

- (a) Rajsooya
- (b) Putrayeshti
- (c) Vaishnav
- (d) Ashwamedh

Ans: (b) Putrayeshti

16. Who was the family priest of King Janaka?

- (a) Seeradhvaj
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Shatananda
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (c) Shatananda

17. Name the heavenly dancer who broke Maharshi Vishwamitra's meditation?

- (a) Urvashi
- (b) Jaanpadi
- (c) Ghritachi
- (d) Menaka

Ans: (d) Menaka

18. What was the name of the tree from whose cover Shri Rama killed the *vanar* king Bali?

- (a) Sal tree
- (b) Vat tree
- (c) Shamee tree
- (d) Ashok tree

Ans: (a) Sal tree

19. What was the name of the younger brother of King Janaka?

- (a) Kushanabh
- (b) Kush
- (c) Kushadhvaj
- (d) Seeradhvaj

Ans: (c) Kushadhvaj

20. Who was the family priest of Shatrughna?

- (a) Shataneek
- (b) Upamanyu
- (c) Aaruni
- (d) Kaanchan

Ans: (d) Kaanchan

21. What is the name of the era to which *Ramayana* belongs?

- (a) Dwaparyug
- (b) Tretayug
- (c) Satyayug
- (d) Kaliyug

Ans: (b) Tretayug

22. What was the name of the horse which emerged after the churning of the ocean?

- (a) Chetak
- (b) Baaj
- (c) Uchchaihshrava
- (d) Sumali

Ans: (c) Uchchaihshrava

23. What was the other name of Ashok Vatika?

- (a) Pramadavana
- (b) Kadalivana
- (c) Madhuvana
- (d) Vrindavana

Ans: (a) Pramdavana

24. What was the childhood name of Maharshi Valmeeki?

- (a) Ratnesh
- (b) Ratnsen
- (c) Ratnakar
- (d) Ratnabh

Ans: (c) Ratnakar

25. Name that *sage* who was a dacoit in his earlier life?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Bharadwaj

Ans: (a) Valmeeki

26. What was the name of that elephant whom the sons of Sagar had seen holding the earth aloft?

- (a) Ashwatthama
- (b) Kuvalyaped
- (c) Viroopaksh
- (d) Shatruhanta

Ans: (c) Viroopaksh

27. Name the mountain on which Hanuman climbed to jump across the sea after burning Lanka?

- (a) Arishta
- (b) Mainak
- (c) Giranar
- (d) Vindhyachal

Ans: (a) Arishta

28. What was the name of the cow belonging to Maharshi Vasishtha?

- (a) Kapila
- (b) Surabhi
- (c) Dhenu
- (d) Shailoda

Ans: (b) Surabhi

29. What is the name of the *Ramayana* written in Avadhi?

- (a) *Avadhi Ramayana*
- (b) *Ramcharitmanas*
- (c) *Kamba Ramayana*
- (d) *Adhyatma Ramayana*

Ans: (b) Ramcharitmanas

30. What was the name of Kuber's army commander?

- (a) Manimaan
- (b) Manigreev
- (c) Manidhwaj
- (d) Manibhadra

Ans: (d) Manibhadra

31. What was the name of the sea churned by the demons and the gods?

- (a) Ksheerod Sagar
- (b) Prashant Sagar
- (c) Kashyap Sagar
- (d) Vishnu Sagar

Ans: (a) Ksheerod Sagar

32. Name the *Shivlinga* which was established by Shri Rama at the time of building the bridge to Lanka?

- (a) Eklinga
- (b) Pashupatinath
- (c) Rameshwar
- (d) Jyoteeshwar

Ans: (c) Rameshwar

33. What was the name of Vibheeshan's spy who went to Lanka in the guise of a bird to find out about the defence preparations of Ravana and about the strength of his army?

- (a) Aashuwant
- (b) Anal
- (c) Agh

(d) Abhi

Ans: (b) Anal

34. What is the name of the mountain which is the king of all mountains?

(a) Himalaya

(b) Mainak

(c) Giranar

(d) Arishta

Ans: (a) Himalaya

35. What is the name of the first section (kand) of *Ramayana*?

(a) Aranyakand

(b) Balkand

(c) Ayodhyakand

(d) Kishkindhakand

Ans: (b) Balkand

36. What is the name of the last section (kand) of *Ramayana*?

(a) Sundarkand

(b) Kishkindhakand

(c) Uttarkand

(d) Balkand

Ans: (c) Uttarkand

37. What was the name of the white elephant?

(a) Shatrunjaya

(b) Airawat

(c) Ashwatthama

(d) Kuvalayapeed

Ans: (b) Airawat

38. What is the name of the medicine the *vaidya* had demanded to cure Lakshman's coma?

(a) Kanchanprabha

(b) Lochanprabha

(c) Sanjeevani booti

(d) Braahmi booti

Ans: (c) Sanjeevani booti

39. What is the name of the third *prajapati*?

(a) Daksh

(b) Shesh

(c) Pracheta

(d) Kratu

Ans: (b) Shesh

40. Name the Brahmin whom Shri Rama had told that all the cows in the area covered by as far as he could throw his stick would belong to him?

(a) Trijat

- (b) Kashyap
- (c) Ashwaketu
- (d) Ashwasen

Ans: (a) Trijat

41. Name the airborne vehicle given by Brahma to Kuber?

- (a) Vayuputra
- (b) Saubha
- (c) Pushpak
- (d) Teevragami

Ans: (c) Pushpak

42. What is the name of the deity who is also known as 'Sarpkali'?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Indra
- (c) Varun
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (d) Shiva

43. What is the name of the *Rishi* who is also known as 'Samudrachuluk'?

- (a) Bharadwaj
- (b) Agastya
- (c) Yajñavalkya
- (d) Valmiki

Ans: (b) Agastya

44. What was Ravana's name in his previous birth?

- (a) Balandhar
- (b) Bhasmasur
- (c) Pratapbhanu
- (d) Aghasur

Ans: (c) Pratapbhanu

45. What was the name of the capital of King Nimi?

- (a) Vijayant
- (b) Kushsthal
- (c) Ahichchhatra
- (d) Chitrakoot

Ans: (a) Vijayant

46. Which deity is also known as 'Sthanu'?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Ganesha
- (c) Indra
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (d) Shiva

47. Which jewel emerged when the sea was churned?

- (a) Kaustubh
- (b) Paras
- (c) Vaidoorya
- (d) Syamantak

Ans: (a) Kaustubh

48. To which *Apsara* was Nalkoobar strongly attracted?

- (a) Menaka
- (b) Urvashi
- (c) Rambha
- (d) Ghritachi

Ans: (c) Rambha

49. When Hanuman went to meet Sita in Ashok Vatika upon which tree did he hide?

- (a) Ashok
- (b) Shamee
- (c) Saal
- (d) Ashwattha

Ans: (a) Ashok

50. What was the name of Indra's famous elephant?

- (a) Ashwatthama
- (b) Kuvalyapeed
- (c) Airavat
- (d) Gajesh

Ans: (c) Airawat

51. What was the name of Kuber's elephant?

- (a) Mahapadma
- (b) Shatruhanta
- (c) Kuvalyapeed
- (d) Himpandra

Ans: (d) Himpandra

52. What was the name of Yama's elephant?

- (a) Airavat
- (b) Mahapadma
- (c) Viroopaksh
- (d) Ashwatthama

Ans: (b) Mahapadma

53. What was the name of Varun's elephant?

- (a) Saumanas
- (b) Himpandra
- (c) Mahapadma
- (d) Airavat

Ans: (a) Saumanas

54. What was the name of the sea whose water was of red colour as blood?

- (a) Ksheerod Sagar
- (b) Bhav Sagar
- (c) Lohit Sagar
- (d) Prashant Sagar

Ans: (c) Lohitsagar

55. Which *Rishi* presided over the wedding of Shri Rama and his brothers?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Atri
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (b) Vasishtha

56. What was the name of the Maharshi who had predicted about the painful life Shri Rama would lead?

- (a) Durvasa
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Valmeeki
- (d) Atri

Ans: (a) Durvasa

57. What was the name of the crow who told the story of Rama to Garud?

- (a) Vigat
- (b) Vinat
- (c) Kakbhushundi
- (d) Naagbhushundi

Ans: (c) Kakbhushundi

58. Who was the king of Amaravati?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Indra
- (c) Kuber
- (d) Ravana

Ans: (b) Indra

59. What was the name of the letter tied to the forehead of the horse belonging to the *Ashwamedh yajna*?

- (a) Vijayapatra
- (b) Ranapatra
- (c) Ghoshpatra
- (d) Jayapatra

Ans: (d) Jayapatra

60. What is the name of the procedure through which weapons released by enemy are rendered harmless?

- (a) Rabhas
- (b) Rajas

- (c) Yamas
- (d) Nabhas

Ans: (a) Rabhas

61. Name the demon who had tried to argue with Ravana against killing Sita?

- (a) Mahodar
- (b) Praghas
- (c) Saaran
- (d) Supaarshva

Ans: (d) Suparshva

62. What is the name of the dangerous poison which emerged from the churning of the sea?

- (a) Halahal
- (b) Yamad
- (c) Vatsanabh
- (d) Neelkanth

Ans: (a) Halahal

63. Which mountain was used as a churner for churning thesea?

- (a) Himalaya
- (b) Mainak
- (c) Mandarachal
- (d) Giranar

Ans: (c) Mandarachal

64. What is the name of the largest section of the *Ramayana*?

- (a) Sundarkand
- (b) Yuddhakand
- (c) Uttarkand
- (d) Kishkindhakand

Ans: (b) Yuddhakand

65. What is the name of the smallest section of the *Ramayana*?

- (a) Balkand
- (b) Aranyakand
- (c) Sundarkand
- (d) Uttarkand

Ans: (b) Aranyakand

66. What was the name of the minister who at the order of King Janaka had gone to Ayodhya to invite King Dasharath?

- (a) Sadananda
- (b) Shatananda
- (c) Yaudheya
- (d) Sudaman

Ans: (d) Sudaman

67. What was the name of the pond which was one *yojan* long and as broad?

- (a) Pampasar
- (b) Amritsar
- (c) Panchapsar
- (d) Maansar

Ans: (c) Panchapsar

68. What was the name of the mountain which was situated at the junction of river Sindhu and the sea and which had hundred peaks?

- (a) Neelgiri
- (b) Hemgiri
- (c) Meru
- (d) Mahendra

Ans: (b) Hemgiri

69. What is the name of the eighth *Vasu*?

- (a) Saavitra
- (b) Som
- (c) Anal
- (d) Pratyoosh

Ans: (a) Savitra

70. Name the messenger whom Ravana had sent to Sugreeva?

- (a) Praghas
- (b) Mahodar
- (c) Shuk
- (d) Dhoomraksh

Ans: (c) Shuk

71. What was the name of that *Vanar* company commander who was as red as vermilion?

- (a) Gandhmadan
- (b) Gavaya
- (c) Mainda
- (d) Dvivid

Ans: (b) Gawaya

72. What was the name of that *Vanar* company commander who was as white as silver?

- (a) Sushen
- (b) Angad
- (c) Gaja
- (d) Shwet

Ans: (d) Shwet

73. What is the name of the planet which often eclipses the sun and the moon?

- (a) Rahu
- (b) Ketu
- (c) Shani
- (d) Budh

Ans: (a) Rahu

74. Whose minister was Prabhav?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Nal
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (c) Sugreeva

75. What is the present name of Kashi?

- (a) Kurukshetra
- (b) Gaya
- (c) Patna
- (d) Varanasi

Ans: (d) Varanasi

76. What is the present name of Lavapur of Ramayana era?

- (a) Lahore
- (b) Allahabad
- (c) Dehradun
- (d) Varanasi

Ans: (a) Lahore

77. What is the present name of Madhupuri of Ramayana era?

- (a) Mathura
- (b) Varanasi
- (c) Chandigarh
- (d) Kurukshetra

Ans: (a) Mathura

78. Which deity is also known as 'Marut'?

- (a) Agni
- (b) Indra
- (c) Vayu
- (d) Shani

Ans: (c) Vayu

79. What was the name of Indra's famous garden?

- (a) Kamyak
- (b) Nandan (Kanan)
- (c) Pramada
- (d) Saurabh

Ans: (b) Nandan (Kanan)

80. Who among the following was Indra's charioteer?

- (a) Daaruk
- (b) Maatali
- (c) Adhirath
- (d) Suvarcha

Ans: (b) Maatali

81. Name the *Gandharvi* who got married her three daughters to the demons Malyavan, Sumali and Mali?

- (a) Ketumati
- (b) Sulochna
- (c) Mandodari
- (d) Narmada

Ans: (d) Narmada

82. What is the name of the *Vanar* who saw his own reflection in the water of a pond, jumped in to fight it and turned into a woman?

- (a) Gavaya
- (b) Sushen
- (c) Dvivid
- (d) Riksharaj

Ans: (d) Riksharaj

83. Which goddess Meghnad used to pray?

- (a) Saraswati
- (b) Durga
- (c) Nikumbhila
- (d) Laxmi

Ans: (c) Nikumbhila

84. Hanuman's mother was an *Apsara* in her previous birth. What was her name then?

- (a) Ghritachi
- (b) Punjikasthala
- (c) Urvashi
- (d) Jaanpadi

Ans: (b) Punjikasthala

85. What was the name of the mountain that Hanuman had brought along with the medicinal herb to cure Lakshman's coma?

- (a) Rishyamook
- (b) Mainak
- (c) Anjan
- (d) Drongiri

Ans: (d) Drongiri

86. Which aerial vehicle Hanuman saw when he reached Lanka in search of Sita?

- (a) Jayant
- (b) Pushpak
- (c) Garud
- (d) Saubha

Ans: (b) Pushpak

87. What was the name of the she-demon who used to live in the sea near Lanka and would pull the flying beings from the air and eat them up?

- (a) Balandhara

- (b) Pragma
- (c) Trijata
- (d) Singhika

Ans: (d) Singhika

88. Who among the following is called *Kubja*?

- (a) Kaikeyi
- (b) Manthara
- (c) Sulochna
- (d) Mandodari

Ans: 88. (b) Manthara

89. In Lanka what was the name of the place where the family deity was kept?

- (a) Ashok Vana
- (b) Nikumbhila
- (c) Chaitya Prasad
- (d) Kadamb Vart

Ans: (c) Chaitya Prasad

90. What is the other name given to the epic *Ramayana*?

- (a) Ravana-vadh
- (b) Pulastya-vadh or Dashanan-vadh
- (c) Nishachar-vadh
- (d) Indrajit-vadh

Ans: (b) Pulastya-vadh or Dashanan-vadh

91. What was the name of the garland which Sugreeva wore during his fight with Bali in which Shri Rama killed Bali?

- (a) Gajpushpi lata
- (b) Vijayamal
- (c) Ketumal
- (d) Charuhas

Ans: (a) Gajpushpilata

92. What was the name of the boat Bharat took to cross the river Ganga when he was going to fetch Shri Rama back?

- (a) Bhavtarini
- (b) Chandrahas
- (c) Devvarnini
- (d) Swastik

Ans: (d) Swastik

93. What was the name of the present day river Vyas during the Ramayana era?

- (a) Sarayu
- (b) Ganga
- (c) Vipaashaa
- (d) Mandakini

Ans: (c) Vipasha

94. What was the name of the bow upon which, during Sita's *swayamvar*, Maharshi Parashurama challenged Shri Rama to string an arrow?

- (a) Gaandeev
- (b) Ajagava
- (c) Sharnga
- (d) Vaishnav

Ans: (d) Vaishnav

95. What was the name of Kuber's garden situated in western Kuru area?

- (a) Chitrarath
- (b) Nandan
- (c) Kamyak
- (d) Pramada

Ans: (a) Chitrarath

96. Whose name was *Kalahpriya*?

- (a) Naarad
- (b) Ganesha
- (c) Shri Krishna
- (d) Shakuni

Ans: (a) Naarad

97. What is the name of that *yajna* which starts with the Somyajna named 'Pavitra' and ends with the *yajna* named 'Sautramani'?

- (a) Ashwamedh
- (b) Rajsooya
- (c) Vaishnav
- (d) Vishvajit

Ans: (b) Rajsooya

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INTERESTING INFORMATION

98. Which member of the Ravana's family fought from Rama's side in the Rama-Ravana war?

- (a) Mahodar
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Prahasta
- (d) Malyavan

Ans: (b) Vibheeshan

99. Who among the following captured Ravana, put him in jail, and released him only on the request of his (Ravana's) father?

- (a) Kritveerya
- (b) Sahasrarjun
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (b) Sahasrarjun

100. Name the brave who for six months kept Ravana under his armpit?

- (a) Sahasrarjun
- (b) Kuber
- (c) Maya
- (d) Bali

Ans: (d) Bali

101. When Rishi Vishwamitra came to ask King Dasharath for Shri Rama and Lakshman during discussions how many years did Dasharath quote his age as?

- (a) 60,000 yrs.
- (b) 70,000 yrs.
- (c) 80,000 yrs.
- (d) 90,000 yrs.

Ans: (a) 60,000 years

102. Name the two brothers who defeated Lakshman, Hanuman, Bharat and Shatrughna in a war?

- (a) Ravana-Kumbhakarn
- (b) Bali-Sugreeva
- (c) Lava-Kush
- (d) Khar-Dooshan

Ans: (c) Lava-Kush

103. What was the length and the breadth of the house which Ravana had got constructed for Kumbhakarn to sleep in?

- (a) 2 yojans long – 1 yojan broad
- (b) 3 yojans long – 2 yojans broad

- (c) 4 yojans long – 4 yojans broad
- (d) 2 yojans long – 2 yojans broad

Ans: (a) 2 yojans long - 1 yojan broad

104. Name the demon who used to sleep for six months at a time?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Kumbhakarn
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Atikaya

Ans: (b) Kumbhakarn

105. To please which deity did Ravana cut off his ten heads and presented them?

- (a) Shani
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Agni
- (d) Indra

Ans: (b) Brahma

106. Who among the following was born not of a mother but only from a father?

- (a) Vibheeshan
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Ashwapati
- (d) Mithi

Ans: (d) Mithi

107. Who among the following stood upon one leg and prayed for five thousand years?

- (a) Shambook
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

108. Before Sita's abduction who came in the guise of golden deer?

- (a) Subahu
- (b) Maareech
- (c) Kalnemi
- (d) Ravana

Ans: (b) Maareech

109. Who can be credited with the deliverance of Ahalya who had been turned into a stone?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (a) Shri Rama

110. What was the name of that *Maharshi* who on his father's order beheaded his mother?

- (a) Valmeeki

- (b) Dhaumya
- (c) Agastya
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (d) Parashurama

111. What was the name of that *Maharshi* who took the entire ocean in his palm and drank it up?

- (a) Atri
- (b) Agastya
- (c) Durvasa
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (b) Agastya

112. Who cut off Shoorpnakha's nose and ears?

- (a) Sita
- (b) Rama
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (c) Lakshman

113. What is the name of that *Maharshi* who was a *kshatriya* by caste yet because of the power of his prayers is counted amongst the *Brahmarshis*?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

114. Who was the king whom Maharshi Vishwamitra was sending with his body to heaven?

- (a) Gaadhi
- (b) Trishanku
- (c) Sahasrarjun
- (d) Janaka

Ans: (b) Trishanku

115. Who among the following went to eat the sun taking it as fruit?

- (a) Jaambavan
- (b) Surasa
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Kaalnemi

Ans: (c) Hanuman

116. Name the *Maharshi* who cursed his wife to become a rock?

- (a) Atri
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Valmeeki
- (d) Gautam

Ans: (d) Gautam

117. Name the bear whom Brahma created from his yawn?

- (a) Shonivan
- (b) Jaambavan
- (c) Riksharaj
- (d) Rikshaketu

Ans: (b) Jaambavan

118. At the time of Shri Rama's crowning who brought water from five hundred rivers?

- (a) Neel
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Jaambavan
- (d) Nal

Ans: (c) Jaambavan

119. Name the witch who threatened to eat Sita if she refused Ravana?

- (a) Pragma
- (b) Taraka
- (c) Pramodini
- (d) Trijata

Ans: (a) Pragma

120. Name the *Rishi* who after getting angry drank up the entire water of the Ganga?

- (a) Jahnu
- (b) Durvasa
- (c) Yaajnavalkya
- (d) Dhaumya

Ans: (a) Jahnu

121. Who at his father's order gave him his youth and took on his old age?

- (a) Bharat
- (b) Puru
- (c) Prateep
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (b) Puru

122. Which of the following *Rishis* used to kill cows on the order of his father?

- (a) Upayaj
- (b) Kandu
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Yaaja

Ans: (b) Kandu

123. Which of the following *Rishis* was turned into a young man by Ashwinikumars from an old man with the help of medicine?

- (a) Yaajnavalkya
- (b) Jamdagni
- (c) Chyavan
- (d) Atri

Ans: (c) Chyavan

124. Which of the following demons kidnapped Rama and Lakshman and took them below the earth to hades?

- (a) Meghnad
- (b) Ahiravana
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) Sumali

Ans: (b) Ahiravana

125. Which of the following mountains was located in the middle of sixty thousand mountains?

- (a) Kailas
- (b) Mainak
- (c) Mahendra
- (d) Meru

Ans: (d) Meru

126. Which demon did Shri Rama and Lakshman bury in a hole?

- (a) Viradh
- (b) Kumbhakarn
- (c) Maareech
- (d) Subahu

Ans: (a) Viradh

127. Which demon fought Yama?

- (a) Meghnad
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Atikaya

Ans: (b) Ravana

128. From the womb of which animal Makardhwaj was born?

- (a) Tortoise
- (b) Fish
- (c) Crocodile
- (d) Snake

Ans: (b) Fish

129. What was the name of the *Vanar* company commander who was the son of *Mrityu*?

- (a) Sumukh
- (b) Kumud
- (c) Gandhmadan
- (d) Sushen

Ans: (a) Sumukh

130. What was the name of the prince of Ayodhya who used to catch the children of the town and throw them into the waters of the river Sarayu?

- (a) Bhageerath

- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Asamanja
- (d) Dileep

Ans: (c) Asamanja

131. Name the man who agreed to become the *yajnapashu* of King Ambareesh?

- (a) Trishanku
- (b) Shunahshep
- (c) Asamanja
- (d) Trikut

Ans: (b) Shunahshep

132. What was the name of that brave king of Ayodhya the sons of whom had pierced the entire earth?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Sagar

Ans: (d) Sagar

133. Who among the following gods kidnapped the horse belonging to King Sagar's *yajna*?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (a) Indra

134. Among the following who prayed with his head bowed?

- (a) Trishanku
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Shambook
- (d) Shunahshep

Ans: (c) Shambook

135. Whom Vishnu beheaded?

- (a) Ahalya
- (b) Bhrigu-patni
- (c) Anjana
- (d) Anasooya

Ans: (b) Bhrigu-patni

136. What was the name of that brave *Vanar* who took out the eyes of a brave demon Pratapan?

- (a) Neel
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Nal

Ans: (d) Nal

137. Name the demon who, just after his birth, ate up thousands of people?

- (a) Kumbhakarn
- (b) Khar
- (c) Dooshan
- (d) Subahu

Ans: (a) Kumbhakarn

138. Who among the following demons had kept sixteen thousand women prisoners and wanted to marry one lakh together?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Dundubhi
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) Maareech

Ans: (b) Dundubhi

139. Name the deity who had turned into a crow because of his fear for Ravana?

- (a) Varun
- (b) Yama
- (c) Vayu
- (d) Shani

Ans: (b) Yama

140. Name the she-demon of Lanka who had never told a lie?

- (a) Praghosa
- (b) Shoorpnakha
- (c) Trijata
- (d) Taraka

Ans: (c) Trijata

141. Name the brave *vanar* who stood in Ravana's assembly and dared him to move his leg?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Angad
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (b) Angad

142. Who was born when King Janaka ploughed the field?

- (a) Urmila
- (b) Shrutkeerti
- (c) Sita
- (d) Mandavi

Ans: (c) Sita

143. What is the person called who has the capability to fight with ten thousand braves at a time?

- (a) Ardharathi
- (b) Atirathi
- (c) Rathi
- (d) Maharathi

Ans: (b) Atirathi

144. Name the king who gave his old age to his son and took his youth from him?

(a) Ambareesh

(b) Gaya

(c) Dasharath

(d) Yayaati

Ans: (d) Yayaati



HOW THEY GOT THEIR NAMES

145. Why was Maharshi Valmeeki called *Valmeeki*?

- (a) Because he kept chanting '*mara, mara*'
- (b) Because he wrote the *Ramayana*
- (c) Because while praying he got covered by an ant hill
- (d) Because he used to be a decoit

Ans: (c) Because while praying he got covered by an ant hill

146. Why was Meghnad called *Indrajit*?

- (a) Because he defeated Indra in war
- (b) Because he was Ravana's son
- (c) Because he prayed very hard
- (d) Because he put Lakshman into a coma

Ans: (a) Because he defeated Indra in war

147. Why was Sita called *Janaki*?

- (a) Because she was born from the earth
- (b) Because she was Janaka's daughter
- (c) Because she was banished by Shri Rama
- (d) Because she was born from the tip of the plough

Ans: (b) Because she was Janaka's daughter

148. How did Maharshi Parashurama come to be called *Parashurama*?

- (a) Because he destroyed all *kshatriyas*
- (b) Because he was full of anger
- (c) Because he took up the *parashu* (battle-axe)
- (d) Because he was a devotee of Shiva

Ans: (c) Because he took up the parashu (battle-axe)

149. Why was the river Sarayu called *Sarayu*?

- (a) Because of its fast flow
- (b) Because it flowed in many streams
- (c) Because it emerged from Brahmsar
- (d) Because it flowed near Ayodhya

Ans: (c) Because it emerged from Brahmsar

150. Why was the famous elephant Airavat called *Airavat*?

- (a) Because he was Iravati's son
- (b) Because he was white in colour
- (c) Because he was born from the sea
- (d) Because he had supernatural powers

Ans: (a) Because he was Iravati's son

151. Why was Maharshi Parashurama called *Bhargav*?

- (a) Because he was a devotee of Shiva
- (b) Because he destroyed *kshatriyas*
- (c) Because he was born in the family of Bhrigu
- (d) Because he was always so angry

Ans: (c) Because he was born in the family of Bhrigu

152. Why was King Sagar called *Sagar*?

- (a) Because he was born with poison
- (b) Because he bathed in the sea
- (c) Because he waged a war against the sea
- (d) Because he got the sea dug up

Ans: (a) Because he was born with poison

153. Why was Indra called *Devraj*?

- (a) Because he defeated the demons
- (b) Because he killed Vritraasur
- (c) Because he was the king of deities
- (d) Because he rode upon the elephant named Airavat

Ans: (c) Because he was the king of deities

154. Why was Shiva called *Neelkanth*?

- (a) Because he granted freedom to the bird Neelkanth
- (b) Because he was blue in colour
- (c) Because when he drank the poison his neck turned blue
- (d) None of these

Ans: (c) Because when he drank the poison his neck turned blue

155. Why are the demons called *Yatudhan*?

- (a) Because of the boon granted to them by Brahma
- (b) Because they are very brave
- (c) Because they destroyed the *yajnas* being performed by the *Rishis*
- (d) Because they knew the art of magic

Ans: (d) Because they knew the art of magic

156. Why were the demons called *Nishachar*?

- (a) Because of their ugliness
- (b) Because they were non-vegetarian
- (c) Because of their venturing out at night
- (d) Because they used to drink alcohol and kidnap other people's women

Ans: (c) Because of their venturing out at night

157. Why were the demons called *Rakshas*?

- (a) Because they drank alcohol and ate meat
- (b) Because they were cannibals
- (c) Because they defended themselves in the war against the gods
- (d) Because they defended the water when it was created by Brahma

Ans: (d) Because they defended the water when it was created by Brahma

158. Why was Bharat's mother Kaikeyi called *Kaikeyi*?

- (a) Because she asked for a boon from Dasharath
- (b) Because she banished Rama to the forest
- (c) Because she drove Dasharath's chariot during the war between the deities and the demons
- (d) Because she was the princess of the kingdom of Kekaya

Ans: (d) Because she was the princess of the kingdom of Kekaya

159. Why was Meghnad called *Meghnad*?

- (a) Because he was the son of Mandodari
- (b) Because he roared like the rain clouds immediately after his birth
- (c) Because he married Sulochna
- (d) Because he prayed long and hard

Ans: (b) Because he roared like the rain clouds immediately after his birth

160. Why was Sitaji called *Sita*?

- (a) Because she was the daughter of King Janaka
- (b) Because she was born in a trough found in the fields
- (c) Because she married Shri Rama
- (d) Because she got married by *swayamvar*

Ans: (b) Because she was born in a trough found the fields

161. How did Hanuman get to be called *Hanuman*?

- (a) Because when Indra attacked him his chin became distorted
- (b) Because he was extremely powerful
- (c) Because he burnt down Lanka
- (d) Because he remained unmarried and celibate

Ans: (a) Because when Indra attacked him his chin became distorted

162. Why was Vishwamitra also called *Kaushik*?

- (a) Because he was born in the family of Kush
- (b) Because he had golden hair
- (c) Because he attained the position of a *brahmarshi*
- (d) Because he was very stubborn

Ans: (a) Because he was born in the family of Kush

163. Why was Kaartikeya called *Shanmukh*?

- (a) Because he was born from Ganga
- (b) Because he was brought up by krittikas
- (c) Because to drink the milk of the krittikas he developed six mouths
- (d) Because he destroyed the demons

Ans: (c) Because to drink the milk of the krittikas he developed six mouths

164. Why was the demon Atikaya called *Atikaya*?

- (a) Because he used illusion while fighting
- (b) Because he had a huge body
- (c) Because he ate so much
- (d) Because he destroyed many yajnas of Rishis

Ans: (b) Because he had a huge body

165. Why was Ganga called *Bhaageerathi*?

- (a) Because Shiva tied her up in his hair
- (b) Because she fitted into Brahma's *kamandalu*
- (c) Because of her swift flow
- (d) Because Bhageerath brought her down to earth

Ans: (d) Because Bhageerath brought her down to earth

166. Why is Sahasrarjun called *Kaartveerya*?

- (a) Because he defeated Ravana
- (b) Because he was the son of Kritveerya
- (c) Because he had a thousand arms
- (d) Because he was cruel to his subjects

Ans: (b) Because he was the son of Kritveerya

167. Why is Shri Rama called *Daasharathi*?

- (a) Because he had conquered all his ten senses
- (b) Because he was a fine warrior
- (c) Because he killed Ravana
- (d) Because he was the son of Dasharath

Ans: (d) Because he was the son of Dasharath

168. Why was Chyavan Rishi called *Chyavan*?

- (a) Because he was very hot-tempered
- (b) Because he made medicines like Chyavanprash
- (c) Because he fell out by himself from his mother's womb and was immediately mobile
- (d) Because his body was twisted

Ans: (c) Because he fell out by himself from his mother's womb and was immediately mobile

169. Why was Ravana called *Dasgreev*?

- (a) Because he had conquered all the ten directions
- (b) Because he was born with ten necks
- (c) Because he was a very learned person
- (d) Because he defeated Indra

Ans: (b) Because he was born with ten necks

170. Why was Sita called *Vaidehi*?

- (a) Because she was born from the earth
- (b) Because she married Shri Rama
- (c) Because she sank into the earth
- (d) Because she was the daughter of Videh Janaka

Ans: (d) Because she was the daughter of Videh Janaka

171. Why was Kaartikeya called by that name?

- (a) Because he was born from Ganga
- (b) Because he destroyed the demons
- (c) Because he was brought up by Krittikas
- (d) Because he was the son of Shiva

Ans: (c) Because he was brought up by krittikas

172. Why is Ganga called *Tripathaga*?

- (a) Because it flows in all the three worlds
- (b) Because Shiva tied her in his hair
- (c) Because of Brahma's curse
- (d) Because Bhageerath brought it down to earth

Ans: (a) Because it flows in all the three worlds

173. Why Shri Rama is called *Raghav*?

- (a) Because he killed the demons
- (b) Because he revered his father
- (c) Because he conquered Lanka
- (d) Because he was born in Raghuvansh

Ans: (d) Because he was born in Raghuvansh

174. How did Maharshi Agastya come to be called *Kumbhaj*?

- (a) Because he made the mountain Vindhyachal bow down
- (b) Because he was born in an earthen vessel
- (c) Because he was short-tempered
- (d) Because he drank up the sea

Ans: (b) Because he was born in an earthen vessel

175. Why was Maharshi Agastya called *Sindhup*?

- (a) Because he drank up the Sindhu (sea)
- (b) Because he waged a war against the sea
- (c) Because he was born in the sea
- (d) Because he was born in an earthen vessel

Ans: (a) Because he drank up the Sindhu sea

176. How did the sea come to be called *Saagar*?

- (a) Because it absorbed poison
- (b) Because it was defeated by Lakshman
- (c) Because it was dug up by King Sagar
- (d) Because it was so large

Ans: (c) Because it was dug up by King Sagar

177. Why is Shiva called *Pinakee*?

- (a) Because he kept a trident named *Pinak*
- (b) Because he was short-tempered
- (c) Because he wore a garland of snakes around his neck
- (d) Because he rode the Nandi bull

Ans: (a) Because he kept a trident named Pinak

178. Why is Garud called *Vainateya*?

- (a) Because of his extremely gentle attitude
- (b) Because Vishnu rode upon him
- (c) Because he was the son of Vinata

(d) Because he was always humble

Ans: (c) Because he was the son of Vinata

179. Why are the deities called *Sur*?

(a) Because they fought with the *Asurs*

(b) Because they drank *Vaaruni*

(c) Because of churning the ocean

(d) Because they were experts in singing

Ans: (b) Because they drank Varuni

180. Why was King Janaka's ancestor Mithi named as *Mithi*?

(a) Because he was the king of Mithila

(b) Because he was born when the dead body of King Nimi was churned

(c) Because he churned the ocean

(d) Because he was born from the forehead of his father

Ans: (b) Because he was born when the dead body of King Nimi was churned

181. Why were the demons called *Daitya*?

(a) Because they fought with the deities

(b) Because Brahma cursed them

(c) Because they were the sons of Diti

(d) Because they were born from the sea

Ans: (c) Because they were the sons of Diti

182. How did King Janaka's lineage get the name of *Maithil*?

(a) Because it started from King Mithi

(b) Because it was established in Mithila

(c) Because he was just and looked after his subjects well

(d) Because Sita was born in this family

Ans: (a) Because it started from King Mithi

183. Why were the demons called *daanava*?

(a) Because they were born of Danu

(b) Because they were cannibals

(c) Because they killed angels

(d) Because they were enemies of human beings

Ans: (a) Because they were born of Danu

184. Why did Maharshi Vishwamitra call Shri Rama *Kakutstha*?

(a) Because he was a descendent of King Kakutsth

(b) Because he saved the life of a crow

(c) Because he destroyed the demons

(d) Because he liberated Ahalya

Ans: (a) Because he was a descendent of King Kakutsth

185. Why were the *Yakshas* so called?

(a) Because they were white in colour

(b) Because they prayed to the water of the sea created by Brahma

- (c) Because they fought with the demons
- (d) Because of the boon granted to them by Brahma

Ans: (b) Because they prayed to the water of the sea created by Brahma

186. How did Maharshi Agastya come to be known as *Agastya*?

- (a) Because he surprised the mountain
- (b) Because he was a friend of the mountain
- (c) Because he drank up the sea
- (d) Because he was born of an earthen vessel

Ans: (a) Because he surprised the mountain

187. How did Parvati get her name?

- (a) Because she lived on top of a mountain
- (b) Because she was married to Shiva
- (c) Because she was the daughter of the Parvat (mountain)
- (d) Because she prayed for a long time on top of a mountain

Ans: (c) Because she was the daughter of the Parvat (mountain)

188. Why is Lord Shiva called *Aashutosh*?

- (a) Because he used to rub ash all over his body
- (b) Because he is easily pleased
- (c) Because he wore a necklace of snakes around his neck
- (d) Because he drank the poison

Ans: (b) Because he is easily pleased

189. How did Ahalya, who was liberated by Shri Rama, get her name?

- (a) Because she had no deformity. (This name was given to her by Brahma)
- (b) Because she remained still
- (c) Because she was cursed by her husband
- (d) Because she was liberated by Shri Rama

Ans: (a) Because she had no deformity (Brahma gave her this name)

190. How did the Vanar Bali get his name?

- (a) Because he was born when the sperm of the sun fell upon the neck of Riksharaj masquerading as a woman
- (b) Because he was born when Indra's sperm fell upon the hair of Riksharaj masquerading as a woman
- (c) Because he was very strong
- (d) Because during a fight half the strength of the enemy would be usurped by him

Ans: (b) Because he was born when Indra's sperm fell upon the hair of the Riksharaj masquerading as a woman

191. Why was Sugreeva called *Sugreeva*?

- (a) Because he had a beautiful neck
- (b) Because he was defeated by Bali
- (c) Because he was born when the sperm of the Surya fell upon the neck of the Riksharaj masquerading as a woman
- (d) Because he helped Shri Rama during the Lanka War

Ans: (c) Because he was born when the sperm of the Surya fell upon the neck of the Riksharaj masquerading as a woman

192. How did the Kush and Lava get his name?

- (a) Because they were twins
- (b) Because they showed bravery at a very young age
- (c) Because Maharshi Valmeeke took a fist full of grass and its seeds to remove the evil eye from the two children and then gave a lecture upon how to guard against the evil eye
- (d) Because they sang the *Ramayana*

Ans: (c) Maharshi Valmeeke took a handful of grass and its seeds and gave both the children a lecture upon how to guard against the evil eye

193. Why is the Ganga called *Jaahnavi*?

- (a) Because it emerged from matted hair of Shiva
- (b) Because it emerged from Brahma's *kamandalu*
- (c) Because it came down from heaven to earth
- (d) Because it emerged from the thigh of Jahnu Rishi

Ans: (d) Because it emerged from the thigh of Jahnu Rishi

□

4

NUMBERS

194. How many sections are there in the *Ramayana*?

- (a) 8
- (b) 10
- (c) 6
- (d) 7

Ans: (d) 7

195. How many chapters are there in the *Ramayana*?

- (a) 5
- (b) 10
- (c) 15
- (d) 18

Ans: (a) 5

196. How many *sargas* are there in the *Ramayana*?

- (a) 100
- (b) 500
- (c) 800
- (d) 1,000

Ans: (b) 500

197. How many *shloks* are there in the *Ramayana*?

- (a) 10,000
- (b) 24,000
- (c) 50,000
- (d) 60,000

Ans: (b) 24,000

198. For how many years did Lakshman go without sleep so that he could kill Meghnad?

- (a) 12
- (b) 13
- (c) 14
- (d) 15

Ans: (a) 12

199. What was the length of the bridge made upon the sea to go to Lanka?

- (a) 10 yojans
- (b) 50 yojans
- (c) 100 yojans
- (d) 150 yojans

Ans: (c) 100 yojans

200. How many arrows could Lakshman shoot at one time?

- (a) 10
- (b) 20
- (c) 50
- (d) 500

Ans: (d) 500

201. For how many days did Shri Rama sit waiting on the shore of the sea while requesting it to give him the right to cross it?

- (a) 1 day
- (b) 2 days
- (c) 3 days
- (d) 5 days

Ans: (c) 3 days

202. In how much area was Lanka spread?

- (a) 10 yojans broad and 20 yojans long
- (b) 5 yojans broad and 5 yojans long
- (c) 4 yojans broad and 6 yojans long
- (d) 3 yojans broad and 5 yojans long

Ans: (a) 10 yojans broad and 20 yojans long.

203. Besides Mandodari how many other wives did Ravana have?

- (a) 800
- (b) 900
- (c) 1,000
- (d) 1,100

Ans: (c) 1,000

204. How many female companion did King Janaka give as friends in dowry to each of his daughters?

- (a) 50
- (b) 100
- (c) 60
- (d) 80

Ans: (b) 100

205. How many villages were given by the Ayodhya administration to queen Kaushalya so that she could look after those dependent upon her?

- (a) 1,000
- (b) 2,000
- (c) 3,000
- (d) 4,000

Ans: (a) 1,000

206. For how many years Shri Rama was banished to the jungle?

- (a) 12
- (b) 14
- (c) 13

(d) 11

Ans: (b) 14

207. How many brothers were Ravana?

(a) 3

(b) 4

(c) 2

(d) 6

Ans: (a) 3

208. How many sons did Maharshi Vishwamitra have?

(a) 5

(b) 10

(c) 100

(d) 110

Ans: (c) 100

209. How many hands was Kaartaveerya Arjun supposed to have?

(a) 20

(b) 100

(c) 500

(d) 1,000

Ans: (d) 1,000

210. How many brothers were Shri Rama?

(a) 3

(b) 4

(c) 2

(d) 5

Ans: (b) 4

211. How many wives did King Dasharath have?

(a) 6

(b) 4

(c) 2

(d) 3

Ans: (d) 3

212. How many heads did Ravana have?

(a) 10

(b) 20

(c) 30

(d) 40

Ans: (a) 10

213. How many sons did Kaushalya have?

(a) 4

(b) 1

(c) 2

(d) 3

Ans: (b) 1

214. How many sons did Sumitra have?

(a) 3

(b) 1

(c) None

(d) 2

Ans: (d) 2

215. How many sons did Kaikeyi have?

(a) 3

(b) 2

(c) 1

(d) None

Ans: (c) 1

216. How many daughters did Kushnabh have?

(a) 5

(b) 20

(c) 100

(d) 200

Ans: (c) 100

217. How many sons did Shri Rama have?

(a) 2

(b) 3

(c) 4

(d) 5

Ans: (a) 2

218. How many brothers were King Janaka?

(a) 3

(b) 5

(c) 7

(d) 2

Ans: (d) 2

219. How many *sargas* are there in Ramayana's *Balkand*?

(a) 60

(b) 70

(c) 75

(d) 77

Ans: (d) 77

220. How many *shloks* are there in Ramayana's *Balkand*?

(a) 1,000

- (b) 1,527
- (c) 1,550
- (d) 2,270

Ans: (d) 2,270

221. The she-demon Taraka had the strength of how many elephants?

- (a) 200
- (b) 500
- (c) 1,000
- (d) 2,000

Ans: (c) 1,000

222. How many sons did King Sagar have?

- (a) 5,000
- (b) 60,001
- (c) 70,005
- (d) 75,003

Ans: (b) 60,001

223. How many years Tretayug has?

- (a) 12,96,000
- (b) 13,50,000
- (c) 15,11,310
- (d) 17,41,600

Ans: (a) 12,96,000

224. How far could the vultures Sampati and Jatayu see?

- (a) 80 yojans
- (b) 90 yojans
- (c) 100 yojans
- (d) 110 yojans

Ans: (c) 100 yojans

225. How many soldiers were given by Jaambavan to Sugreeva?

- (a) 5,00,00,000
- (b) 10,00,00,000
- (c) 15,00,00,000
- (d) 20,00,00,000

Ans: (b) 10,00,00,000

226. How far could Jaambavan leap?

- (a) 90 yojans
- (b) 100 yojans
- (c) 120 yojans
- (d) 150 yojans

Ans: (a) 90 yojans

227. With how many *Vanars* did Indrajaanu come to Shri Rama's help?

- (a) 5,00,00,000
- (b) 7,00,00,000
- (c) 10,00,00,000
- (d) 11,00,00,000

Ans: (d) 11,00,00,000

228. How many precious stones came out after churning of the sea?

- (a) 5
- (b) 10
- (c) 14
- (d) 25

Ans: (c) 14

229. How many arms did Ravana have?

- (a) 10
- (b) 20
- (c) 40
- (d) 60

Ans: (b) 20

230. How many *Apsaras* emerged when the sea was churned?

- (a) 2,00,00,000
- (b) 6,00,00,000
- (c) 8,00,00,000
- (d) 10,00,00,000

Ans: (b) 6,00,00,000

231. How many times did Parashurama destroy the *kshatriyas*?

- (a) 10
- (b) 21
- (c) 31
- (d) 60

Ans: (b) 21

232. After Ganga left Shiva's hair how many streams did it divide into?

- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 7
- (d) 8

Ans: (c) 7

233. How many *Vasus* (a particular class of vedic deities) are there?

- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 7
- (d) 8

Ans: (d) 8

234. For how many years did Ravana pray so that he could equal Kuber?

- (a) 1,000
- (b) 2,000
- (c) 5,000
- (d) 10,000

Ans: (d) 10,000

235. How many *vanars* had come with Hanuman to help Shri Rama?

- (a) 10,00,00,00,000
- (b) 11,00,00,00,000
- (c) 12,00,00,00,000
- (d) 13,00,00,00,000

Ans: (a) 10,00,00,00,000

236. How many queens did King Sagar have?

- (a) 2
- (b) 5
- (c) 8
- (d) 12

Ans: (a) 2

237. How many sons of King Sagar did Kapil Muni destroy by fire?

- (a) 10,000
- (b) 20,000
- (c) 60,000
- (d) 70,000

Ans: (c) 60,000

238. How many *prajapatis* are there?

- (a) 10
- (b) 20
- (c) 30
- (d) 40

Ans: (a) 10

239. How much army did the *Vanar* company commander Gavaksh take to Sugreeva?

- (a) 1,00,00,00,000
- (b) 2,00,00,00,000
- (c) 10,00,00,00,000
- (d) 12,00,00,00,000

Ans: (c) 10,00,00,00,000

240. How many Ashwinikumars are there?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 5

Ans: (a) 2

241. For how many months did mother Kaushalya carry Shri Rama in her womb before giving birth to him?

- (a) 10
- (b) 12
- (c) 13
- (d) 14

Ans: (b) 12

242. How many heads did the demon Trishara have?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 10
- (d) 16

Ans: (b) 3

243. With how much army did the Dhoomra (Reechh) come to help Shri Rama?

- (a) 1,00,00,00,000
- (b) 5,00,00,00,000
- (c) 10,00,00,00,000
- (d) 20,00,00,00,000

Ans: (d) 20,00,00,00,000

244. How many *lokpals* are there?

- (a) 4
- (b) 5
- (c) 8
- (d) 10

Ans: (c) 8

245. With how much army did Nal come to help Shri Rama?

- (a) 1,00,00,01,100
- (b) 1,00,02,00,000
- (c) 1,00,04,02,000
- (d) 1,50,0055,000

Ans: (a) 1,00,00,01,100

246. How long does it take to perform an Ashwamedh *Yajna*?

- (a) 6 months
- (b) 10 months
- (c) 1 year
- (d) 2 years

Ans: (c) 1 year

247. What is the total number of *Saptarshis*?

- (a) 5
- (b) 7
- (c) 8
- (d) 10

Ans: (b) 7

248. With how many *vanars* did the *Vanar* company commander Tar come to help Rama?

- (a) 2,00,00,000
- (b) 3,00,00,000
- (c) 5,00,00,000
- (d) 7,00,00,000

Ans: (c) 5,00,00,000

249. How many of weapons which Maharshi Vishwamitra gave to Rama were the sons of Prajapati Krishashva?

- (a) 48
- (b) 49
- (c) 50
- (d) 52

Ans: (b) 49

250. How many sons did Rishi Vasishtha have?

- (a) 80
- (b) 90
- (c) 100
- (d) 106

Ans: (c) 100

251. How far could *Vanar* Gandhamadan leap in one go?

- (a) 10 yojans
- (b) 20 yojans
- (c) 30 yojans
- (d) 50 yojans

Ans: (d) 50 yojans

252. How far could *Vanar* Sushen leap in one go?

- (a) 80 yojans
- (b) 90 yojans
- (c) 100 yojans
- (d) 105 yojans

Ans: (a) 80 yojans

253. How far could Angad leap in one go?

- (a) 70 yojans
- (b) 80 yojans
- (c) 90 yojans
- (d) 100 yojans

Ans: (d) 100 yojans

254. What was the total number of *Langoors* who had come to help Shri Rama?

- (a) 80,00,000
- (b) 1,00,00,000

(c) 1,50,00,000

(d) 2,00,00,000

Ans: (b) 1,00,00,000

255. According to the *Ramayana* which is the largest number?

(a) Mahakharva

(b) Mahapadma

(c) Mahashanku

(d) Mahaugh

Ans: (d) Mahaugh

256. How many *Vanars* did the deities produce?

(a) 10,00,00,000

(b) 11,00,00,000

(c) 12,00,00,000

(d) 13,00,00,000

Ans: (a) 10,00,00,000

257. How many constellations are there?

(a) 20

(b) 25

(c) 27

(d) 29

Ans: (c) 27

258. Which stream of the Ganga emerged from Bindu lake and started following Bhageerath?

(a) 5th

(b) 7th

(c) 8th

(d) 9th

Ans: (b) 7th

259. How many villages did the senior most queen of King Dasharath Kaushalya get from her father as dowry at the time of her marriage?

(a) 200

(b) 500

(c) 800

(d) 1,000

Ans: (d) 1,000

260. After performing how many *Yajnas* one could get the title of Indra?

(a) 100

(b) 90

(c) 80

(d) 70

Ans: (a) 100

261. How many wives did Kush have?

- (a) 5
- (b) 3
- (c) 6
- (d) 1

Ans: (d) 1

262. How many wives did Lava have?

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4

Ans: (b) 2

263. How many sons did Bharat have?

- (a) 7
- (b) 2
- (c) 4
- (d) 3

Ans: (b) 2

264. How many sons did Shri Rama's ancestor Ikshvaku have?

- (a) 50
- (b) 60
- (c) 80
- (d) 100

Ans: (d) 100

265. Out of all the incarnations of Vishnu Shri Rama was which incarnation?

- (a) 7th
- (b) 8th
- (c) 9th
- (d) 10th

Ans: (a) 7th

266. According to the *Ramayana* how many *Adityas* are there?

- (a) 10
- (b) 11
- (c) 13
- (d) 12

Ans: (d) 12

267. According to the *Ramayana* how many *Rudras* are there?

- (a) 9
- (b) 10
- (c) 11
- (d) 12

Ans: (c) 11

268. How many ministers did King Dasharath have?

- (a) 6
- (b) 7
- (c) 8
- (d) 9

Ans: (c) 8

269. How many *Muhoortas* (moments) are there in a day?

- (a) 15
- (b) 16
- (c) 17
- (d) 18

Ans: (a) 15

270. In his battle with Khar how many of his soldiers did Shri Rama kill?

- (a) 5,000
- (b) 10,000
- (c) 14,000
- (d) 20,000

Ans: (c) 14,000

271. In wrestling how many *Mandals* are said to be there?

- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 5
- (d) 6

Ans: (b) 4

272. How many types of *Dhanurveda* are there?

- (a) 9
- (b) 4
- (c) 3
- (d) 6

Ans: (b) 4



WHO SAID WHAT

273. Who asked, “*He vrikshon! He lataon-pushpon! He mrigon, pakshiyon! Kya tumne Sita ko dekha hai? Yadi dekha hai to bata do, woh kahan hain?*” (Oh trees! Oh creepers, flowers! Oh deers! Have you seen Sita? If you have then do tell where she is?)

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Shatrughna
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Jataayu

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

274. “*He Shri Rama! Maine aapka kya bigara tha, jo mujhe is prakar mara? Yadi aapne kaha hota to main Ravana ko aapke charanon par la patakta.*” (Oh Shri Rama! How had I wronged you that you killed me in this fashion? If you had said I would have brought Ravana and put him at your feet.) Who said this to Shri Rama?

- (a) Taraka
- (b) Bali
- (c) Khar
- (d) Maareech

Ans: (b) Bali

275. “*He Lakshman! Is samudra se marg de dene ke liye hum teen dinon se vinay kar rahe hain, kintu yeh maan nahin raha hai. Main abhi ek baan maarkar ise sukha doonga, kyonki bina bhaya ke preet nahin hoti.*” (Oh Lakshman! For three days we have been requesting this sea to give us the right of way but it has not been listening to us. Now I will dry it up with an arrow because there is no love lost without fear.) Whose words are these?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (a) Shri Rama

276. “*He mitra Jaambavan! Tum tab tak jeevit rahoge jab tak ki pralaya aur Kaliyug nahin aa jaate.*” (Oh friend Jaambavan! You will live till the holocaust and *Kaliyug* arrive.) Who gave this boon to Jaambavan?

- (a) Bharat
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

277. “*Yadi main jaanta ki is prakar mujhe apane anuj ka bichhoh sahana parega to main pita ki aajnaa na maanta.*” (If I had known that I would have to bear the grief of separation from my younger sibling I would never have obeyed father’s order.) Whose lament was this?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

278. “He Shri Rama! Jaanki Sita ka aacharan sarvatha shuddha hai. Paap ise chhoo bhi nahin saka hai. Maine sahasron varshon tak ghor tapasya ki hai. Yadi Sita mein koie dosh ho to mujhe us tapasya ka phal na mile.” (Oh Shri Rama! Jaanki Sita’s behaviour has been exemplary. Sin has not even touched her. I have prayed deeply for hundreds of years. If there is any fault in Sita may I never get the fruit of all this prayer.) Whose declaration is this?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Yaajnavalkya
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (a) Valmeeki

279. “Ravana, mere paavon ko tumne jis tarah pakra hai, yadi aise hi Shri Rama ke charan pakarate to tumhara kalyan ho jaata.” (Ravana, the way you have caught my feet, if in the same way you had caught the feet of Shri Rama you would have achieved salvation.) Who scolded Ravana like this?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Neel
- (d) Angad

Ans: (d) Angad

280. “He maa prithvi! Yadi Shri Rama ke atirikta kisi anya ka maine swapna mein bhi vichaar kiya ho to too phat ja aur mujhe apni god mein sama le.” (Oh mother earth! If I have ever even thought of anyone else except Shri Rama even in my dreams, then open up and swallow me.) Who prayed to the earth like this?

- (a) Kaushalya
- (b) Shoorpnakha
- (c) Sita
- (d) Kaikeyi

Ans: (c) Sita

281. “He kulghatinee Kaikeyi! Toone Shri Rama ko vanvaas dilakar mahapatak kiya hai. Too mere pita ki hatyarin hai! Toone aisa kar ke mujhe bhi paap ka bhagi bana diya hai. Too maa kahlane yogya nahin.” (Oh destroyer of the family Kaikeyi! By banishing Shri Rama to the dwelling in the forest you have sinned greatly. You are the killer of my father. By doing this you have made me a partner in your sin. You are not fit to be called a mother!) Whose words are these?

- (a) Bharat
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (a) Bharat

282. “Ravana agar rasaatal mein bhi chhup jaye athwa pitamah Brahma ke paas bhi chala jaye, to bhi ab woh mere haathon se bach na sakega.” (Even if Ravana hides under the earth or goes to Pitamaha Brahma, even then he will not escape from me.) Whose words are these?

- (a) Bali
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

283. “Yadi aaj saakshat Shiva bhi Meghnad ki raksha hetu aa jaayen to bhi main saugandh khakar kahta hun ki use jeevit nahin chhodunga!” (If today even Shiva comes to defend Meghnad even then, I vow, I will not leave him alive.) Whose challenge was this?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Indra

Ans: (b) Lakshman

284. “Main apne bhaiyon ki saugandh khakar kahta hun ki yuddha mein putron, bhrityajanon va bandhu-bandhavon sahit Ravana ka vadh karke hi rahunga.” (I swear upon my brothers that in the battle I will kill Ravana along with his sons, relatives and all those dear to him.) Who made this declaration?

- (a) Bali
- (b) Sahasrabahu
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

285. “He Rama! Tumne Shiva ka dhanush tod diya hai. Usi samachaar ko sunkar main ek anya uttam dhanush lekar tumhare paas aaya hun, jispar tum baan chadhao.” (Oh Rama! You have broken the bow of Shiva. Hearing that I have brought another great bow and come to you so that you can mount an arrow upon this.) Who said this to Shri Rama?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Naarad
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (b) Parashurama

286. “He Raghunandan! Maine ek hazaar varshon tak upvaas kiya hai. Aaj mere us vrat ki samaapti ka din hai, isliye is samaya aapke yahaan jo bhi bhojan ho wahi main grahan karunga.” (Oh Raghunandan! I have fasted for a thousand years. Today the day has come to end this fast. That is why I will eat whatever food you have got.) Who said this to Shri Rama?

- (a) Parashurama
- (b) Valmeeki
- (c) Durvasa

(d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (c) Durvasa

287. “*He prabhu! Aapke prati mera sneh sadaiv bana rahe. Aap mein hi meri nishchal bhakti rahe. Aapke atirikta aur kahin bhi mera aantarik anurag na ho.*” (Oh Lord! May my love for you remain always like this. May I always believe in you. May my devotion be always for you and nowhere else.) Who prayed to Shri Rama like this?

(a) Hanuman

(b) Bharat

(c) Vibheeshan

(d) Shatrughna

Ans: (a) Hanuman

288. “*Priya Hanuman! Sansaar mein meri katha jab tak prachlit rahegi tab tak tumhari keerti bhi amit rahegi, aur tumhare shareer mein praan bhi rahenge.*” (Dear Hanuman! As long as my story is told in this world your fame will remain and so will the life in your body.) Who said this to Hanuman?

(a) Lakshman

(b) Vibheeshan

(c) Shri Rama

(d) Bharat

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

289. “*Vibheeshan! Ravana bal-paraakram se sampanna tatha mahaamanasvi tha. Mrityu ke saath hi vair bhi samaapt ho jaata hai. Ravana jaise tumhara bhai tha vaise hi mera bhi hai. Tum uska daah-sanskaar karo.*” (Vibheeshan! Ravana was very powerful and a great thinker. With death all hate dissipates. Like Ravana was your brother, he was my brother also. You go and arrange for his funeral.) Who said these words to Vibheeshan?

(a) Lakshman

(b) Kumbhakarn

(c) Khar

(d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

290. “*He Lanka naresh! Yeh vanar koi guptachar nahin lagta, apitu doot dikhaaee deta hai. Atah iska wadh karna uचित nahin. Aap ise koe dand dekar chhod sakte hain.*” (Oh King of Lanka! This *vanar* does not look like a spy but more like an emissary. So it would not be correct to kill him. You should meet out some punishment to him and release him.) Who gave this advice to Ravana?

(a) Atikaya

(b) Sumali

(c) Vibheeshan

(d) Meghnad

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

291. “*Main Pracheta ka daswan putra hun.*” (I am the tenth son of Pracheta.) These are the words of which *Rishi*?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Atri
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (a) Valmeeki

292. “*Bhaiya! Bharat sena sahit aa rahe hain. Lagta hai, ve hum par aakraman karenge. Hamein yuddha ke liye taiyaar rahna chahiye.*” (Bhaiya! Bharat is coming with an army. It seems he is going to attack us. We should be prepared for fighting.) Who said this to whom?

- (a) Hanuman to Sugreeva
- (b) Lakshman to Shri Rama
- (c) Sugreeva to Bali
- (d) Shatrughna to Shri Rama

Ans: (b) Lakshman to Shri Rama

293. “*He Shri Rama! Aapne Vaishnav dhanush ki pratyancha chadha di hai, isase main jaan gaya hun ki aap deveshwar Vishnu hi hain.*” (Oh Shri Rama! You have strung the bow belonging to Vishnu, thus I have realised that you are Vishnu himself.) Who said this to Shri Rama?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Yaajnavalkya
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Atri

Ans: (c) Parashurama

294. “*He Rama! Main kaamroopini rakshasi aur Ravana ki bahan hun.*” (Oh Rama! I am a beautiful she-demon and I am the sister of Ravana.) Who gave this introduction to Shri Rama?

- (a) Kumbheenasi
- (b) Shoorpnakha
- (c) Trijata
- (d) Hema

Ans: (b) Shoorpnakha

295. “*Maharshi! Aap ek dhanush ke tootne par kyon itane vikal ho gaye? Are, mainne to bachpan mein aise na jaane kitne dhanush tode the. Tab to aap itne krodhit na huye the.*” (Maharshi! Why are you so perturbed at the breaking of one bow? In my childhood I broke so many bows like this. Then you never got so angry.) Whose sentence is this?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (d) Lakshman

296. “*He prabhu Rama! Bhale hi Lakshman mujh par baan chala dein, kintu aapke charan dhoye bina main aapko paar nahin utaar sakta.*” (Oh lord Rama! Even if Lakshman shoots me with an arrow I will still not take you across without first washing your feet.) Whose words are these?

- (a) Kewat

- (b) Gaya
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (a) Kewat

297. “*He rajan! Shri Rama aur Lakshman ko mujhe de deejiye, taki yajna mein vighna daalnewale rakshason ka sanhaar ho sake.*” (Oh king! Give Shri Rama and Lakshman to me so that the demons who are interfering with my *yajnas*, can be destroyed.) Who requested King Dasharath like this?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Janaka
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Atri

Ans: (a) Vishwamitra

298. “*He Rama! Main Kaikeyi ko diye huye var ke kaaran moh mein pad gaya hun. Meri baat mano, mujhe bandi banakar swayam hi ab Ayodhya ke raja ban jaao.*” (Oh Rama! Because of the boons I granted Kaikeyi I have fallen into a fix. Listen to me, make me a prisoner and take over as the king of Ayodhya.) Who said this to Shri Rama?

- (a) Bharat
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Sumantra

Ans: (c) Dasharath

299. “*Yadi Bharat yuvraj pad sweekaar kare to uske dwara ki jaanewali shraaddha aadi vidhiyan mujh tak na pahunchen.*” (If Bharat agrees to become the crown prince then do not let any of the funeral rites conducted by him reach me.) Who said this?

- (a) Kaikeyi
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Sumitra
- (d) Kaushalya

Ans: (b) Dasharath

300. “*He Ravana! Raja Maandhata tumhara yuddha ka mad utaar denge.*” (Oh Ravana! Raja Maandhata will break all your pride in war.) Who said this?

- (a) Devarshi Naarad
- (b) Pulastya
- (c) Angad
- (d) Devarshi Parvat

Ans: (d) Devarshi Parvat

301. “*He Shri Rama! Main yeh rath lekar Ayodhya kaise ja sakunga? Aapke bina yeh ghode is rath ko kaise kheench paayenge? Atah main Ayodhya vaapas nahin jaaunga.*” (Oh Shri Rama! How can I return to Ayodhya without you. How will these horses pull this chariot without you. So I will not return to Ayodhya.) Whose declaration is this?

- (a) Sumantra

- (b) Bharat
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Trijata

Ans: (a) Sumantra

302. “*He Agnidev! Yadi maine pati ki sewa ki hai aur pativrat dharm ka satya hridaya se paalan kiya hai to Hanuman ke liye tum sheetal ban jao.*” (Oh Agnidev! If I have served my husband and my allegiance to him has been pure and from the heart, then become cool for Hanuman.) Who prayed like this to Agnidev?

- (a) Anjani
- (b) Sita
- (c) Sulochna
- (d) Sarama

Ans: (b) Sita

303. “*Shri Rama! Tum madhur phal-mool se sampanna Chitrakoot parvat par jao. Main usee ko tumhare liye upyukta niwaas-sthan maanta hun.*” (Shri Rama! Go to Mount Chitrakoot which is full of sweet fruits and roots. I think that is the right place for you to live.) Who said this to Shri Rama?

- (a) Atri
- (b) Bharadwaj
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (b) Bharadwaj

□

BOONS AND CURSES

304. How many boons have been described in the *Ramayana*?

- (a) 82
- (b) 90
- (c) 100
- (d) 110

Ans: (a) 82

305. How many curses have been described in the *Ramayana*?

- (a) 40
- (b) 48
- (c) 61
- (d) 72

Ans: (c) 61

306. In Shri Rama's army which brave *vanar* held the boon that any rock that he touched with his hand would float?

- (a) Nal
- (b) Neel
- (c) Angad
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (a) Nal

307. Who granted Ravana the boon that he could not be killed by anyone except a human being or a monkey?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Naarad
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (c) Brahma

308. Who granted Hanuman the boon that he would never tire in war?

- (a) Yama
- (b) Varun
- (c) Surya
- (d) Indra

Ans: (a) Yama

309. Who granted Hanuman the boon that he could not be killed by any weapon?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Naarad
- (d) Shani

Ans: (b) Brahma

310. Who granted Ravana the *Siddhimantra*?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (b) Brahma

311. Who granted the boon of long life and remaining unconquerable to the demon Sumali?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (d) Brahma

312. Who granted the boon of a long life to Vibheeshan?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Indra
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (a) Brahma

313. Who granted Hanuman the boon of death only when he desired it?

- (a) Vayu
- (b) Indra
- (c) Varun
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (b) Indra

314. Who cursed Ahalya and turned her into a stone?

- (a) Bharadwaj
- (b) Agastya
- (c) Gautam
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (c) Gautam

315. Who among the following was cursed that without being reminded he would not remember his strength?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Nal
- (c) Jaambavan
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (d) Hanuman

316. Who granted Hanuman the boon that he would not be killed by the *varunpasha* and in water?

- (a) Vayu

- (b) Kuber
- (c) Varun
- (d) Agni

Ans: (c) Varun

317. Who cursed Indra that he would have no testicles?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Gautam
- (c) Pulastya
- (d) Dhaumya

Ans: (b) Gautam

318. Who granted Hanuman the boon that with the passage of time he would never fall sick or get killed?

- (a) Kuber
- (b) Varun
- (c) Yama
- (d) Vayu

Ans: (c) Yama

319. Who gave the hundredth part of his glory as a boon to Hanuman?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Surya
- (c) Varun
- (d) Yama

Ans: (b) Surya

320. Name the *Rishi* who cursed Kakkbhushundi to get-birth from a crow?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Yaajnavalkya
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Lomash

Ans: (d) Lomash

321. Name the king who was cursed by Rishi Vasishtha to remain without a body?

- (a) Gaya
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Nimi
- (d) Sahasrarjun

Ans: (c) Nimi

322. Who cursed Rishi Vasishtha to remain without a body?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Nimi
- (d) Naarad

Ans: (c) Nimi

323. Who among the following kings became a *chandaal* because of the curse by the sons of Vasishtha?

- (a) Shambook
- (b) Gaya
- (c) Kushadhwaj
- (d) Trishanku

Ans: (d) Trishanku

324. “*Jaa Dasharath! Tu bhi hamari tarah putra viyog mein tadapkar praan tyag karega.*” (Go Dasharath! Like us you will also die pining and suffering for your son.) Who cursed Dasharath in this manner?

- (a) Janaka
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) The parents of Shrivankumar

Ans: (d) The parents of Shrivankumar

325. “God, grant me such a boon that I sleep for six months and remain awake for only one day.” Who asked this boon from Brahma?

- (a) Kumbhakarn
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Meghnad

Ans: (a) Kumbhakarn

326. “*Maharaj, main do var maangti hun – pehla, Rama ko chaudeh varsh ka vanvas aur doosra, Bharat ko rajgaddi.*” (Maharaj, I ask for two boons—first, exile in the forest for Rama for fourteen years and the second, the throne for Bharat.) Who said this to Dasharath?

- (a) Sumitra
- (b) Kaushalya
- (c) Manthara
- (d) Kaikeyi

Ans: (d) Kaikeyi

327. “*Bali! Yuddha ki ichcha se jo tumhare saamne aayega uska aadha bal swayameva tumhare shareer mein aa jaayega.*” (Bali, whoever comes in front of you with the desire to fight half his strength will come into your body by itself.) Who granted this boon to Bali?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Saraswati
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (b) Brahma

328. “*He Ravana! Main tumhe shaap deta hun ki tumhare kul ka sarvanash vanaron ke hi haath hoga.*” (Oh Ravana! I curse you that your entire family will be destroyed by monkeys.) Who cursed Ravana like this?

- (a) Nandeeshwar

- (b) Naarad
- (c) Pulastya
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (a) Nandeeshwar

329. “*He Nishaad! Tujhe kabhi bhi shanti na mile; kyonki kraunch pakshi ke is jode mein se ek ko tumne bina kisi apraadh ke maar dala hai.*” (Oh Nishaad! May you never have any peace because you have killed one out of this pair of *kraunch* birds for no fault of theirs.) Who gave this curse?

- (a) Rama
- (b) Valmeeki
- (c) Naarad
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (b) Valmeeki

330. “*He Rambha! Main kaam aur krodh ko apne vash mein karna chahata hun aur tu mujhe kaam ki or dhakelna chahati hai! Tujhe shaap deta hun ki tu das hazar varshon tak patthar ki pratima bani khadi rahegi.*” (Oh Rambha! I want to conquer desire and anger and you are pushing me towards desire. I curse you that you will turn into a statue of stone and for ten thousand years you will remain standing.) Who cursed the Apsara Rambha like this?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Naarad
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

331. “*Ravana, yadi aaj ke baad tu kisi par-stri ke saath balaat samagam karega to tere sir ke sau tukde ho jaayenge.*” (Ravana, if after today you forcibly rape any woman then your head will split into a hundred parts.) Who cursed Ravana in such a manner?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Naarad
- (d) Sita

Ans: (a) Brahma

332. “*He pitamah Brahma! Mujhe var dejiye, jab yuddh ke nimitta kiye jaanewale jap aur homa ko poorn kiye bina hi main yuddh karne lagun, tabhi mera vinaash ho.*” (Oh Pitamaha Brahma, grant me this boon that I can only be destroyed when I start a battle without completing the requisite *Jap* and *homa*.) Who asked this boon from Brahma?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Kumbhakarn
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Khar

Ans: (c) Meghnad

333. “*He prajapati Brahma! Aap mujhe var dein ki badi se badi vipatti aane par bhi meri buddhi dharm mein lagi rahe.*” (Oh Prajapati Brahma! Give me this boon that I should not lose my sense

even when the greatest calamity falls.) Who asked this boon from Brahma?

- (a) Kumbhakarn
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Khar

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

334. “*He Ravana! Mere samaan roop aur parakramwale hi tere kul ka naash karenge.*” (Oh Ravana! It is people like me in form and strength who will destroy your family.) Who cursed Ravana in this manner?

- (a) Bali
- (b) Sita
- (c) Punjikasthala
- (d) Nandeeshwar

Ans: (d) Nandeeshwar

□

ARMS AND WEAPONS

335. Maharshi Parashurama challenged Shri Rama to string an arrow on which bow?

- (a) Gaandeev
- (b) Sharnga
- (c) Ajagava
- (d) Vaishnav

Ans: (d) Vaishnav

336. Name the weapon which was used by Shri Rama to kill Ravana?

- (a) Varunaastra
- (b) Jrimbhakaastra
- (c) Vayavyaastra
- (d) Brahmaastra

Ans: (d) Brahmaastra

337. Which weapon had Meghnad used to tie up Hanuman in Ashok Vatika?

- (a) Brahmpash
- (b) Charmpash
- (c) Lauhpash
- (d) Indrapash

Ans: (a) Brahmpash

338. Name the sword Ravana had got from Lord Shiva?

- (a) Sanharini
- (b) Chandrahas
- (c) Vijayini
- (d) Chandrawal

Ans: (b) Chandrahas

339. By which weapon Meghnad was killed?

- (a) Brahmashiras
- (b) Brahmaastra
- (c) Varunaastra
- (d) Aindraastra

Ans: (d) Aindraastra

340. Name the weapon which ties up the enemy?

- (a) Jrimbhakaastra
- (b) Varunaastra
- (c) Naagpash
- (d) Anjalikaastra

Ans: (c) Naagpash

341. The weapon named *Vajra* was made from the bones of which *Rishi*?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Atri
- (c) Valmeeki
- (d) Dadheech

Ans: (d) Dadheech

342. Who gave the famous maces named *Modaki* and *Shikhari* to Shri Rama?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Valmeeki
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (a) Vishwamitra

343. Who gave Shri Rama the Narayanaastra?

- (a) Yaajnavalkya
- (b) Agastya
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Atri

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

344. To whom did the weapon named *Brahmshir* belong?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Naarad

Ans: (b) Brahma

345. Who gave Shri Rama Vajraastra and Vayavyaashtra?

- (a) Lomash
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Indra
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (d) Vishwamitra

346. Which *Rishi* gave Shri Rama Dandchakra, Kaalchakra, Vishnuchakra and Aindrachakra?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Atri
- (c) Bharadwaj
- (d) Vasishtha

Ans: (a) Vishwamitra

347. Who gave Shri Rama the weapons known as Dharpash, Kaalpash and Varunpash?

- (a) Parashurama
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

348. Who gave Shri Rama the Shikharaastra, the Kraunchastra and the Saumyaastra?

- (a) Agastya
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Bharadwaj

Ans: (b) Vishwamitra

349. Whose favourite weapons were the Sammohanaastra and Manvaastra?

- (a) The deities
- (b) The angels
- (c) The cannibals (*pishachas*)
- (d) The demons

Ans: (b) The angels

350. Which is the favourite weapon of the Pishachas?

- (a) Varunaastra
- (b) Jrimbhakaastra
- (c) Aindraastra
- (d) Mohanaastra

Ans: (d) Mohanaastra

351. The weapon named *Tejahprabh* belonged to which deity?

- (a) Varun
- (b) Indra
- (c) Surya
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (c) Surya

352. Who possessed the weapon named *Shishir*?

- (a) Som
- (b) Shani
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Agni

Ans: (a) Som

353. Out of the following which weapon belongs to Manu?

- (a) Shikhar
- (b) Saumya
- (c) Ruchir
- (d) Sheeteshu

Ans: (d) Sheeteshu

354. Out of the following which weapon was previously not the son of Prajapati Krishashva?

- (a) Ruchiraastra
- (b) Narayanaastra
- (c) Panthanaastra
- (d) Makaraastra

Ans: (b) Narayanaastra

355. Out of the following which weapon was previously the son of the Prajapati Krishashva?

- (a) Aindraastra
- (b) Brahmaastra
- (c) Ruchiraastra
- (d) Brahmashiraastra

Ans: (c) Ruchiraastra

356. The weapon named Brahmadand belonged to which *Rishi*?

- (a) Atri
- (b) Agastya
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (c) Vasishtha

357. What was Vishnu's *chakra* called?

- (a) Sanharak
- (b) Sudarshan
- (c) Priyadarshan
- (d) Priyank

Ans: (b) Sudarshan

358. To which deity did Rishi Vishwamitra pray to get divine weapons?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Indra

Ans: (c) Shiva

359. Name that weapon which puts the enemy army to sleep?

- (a) Aindraastra
- (b) Jrimbhakaastra
- (c) Varunaastra
- (d) Shikharaastra

Ans: (b) Jrimbhakaastra

360. Name the arrow whose tip is round?

- (a) Narach
- (b) Bhalla
- (c) Anjalik
- (d) Vatsdant

Ans: (a) Narach

361. Name the arrow which has a head like spade?

- (a) Shool
- (b) Kshur
- (c) Bhalla
- (d) Singhdanshra

Ans: (c) Bhalla

362. Name the arrow whose head is like the palm of the hand?

- (a) Bhalla
- (b) Anjalik
- (c) Vatsdant
- (d) Narach

Ans: (b) Anjalik

363. What is the name of the arrow which has a head like a calf's tooth?

- (a) Narach
- (b) Anjalik
- (c) Bhalla
- (d) Vatsdant

Ans: (d) Vatsdant

364. What is that arrow called whose head resembles the jaw of a lion?

- (a) Singhdanshra
- (b) Kshur
- (c) Shool
- (d) Vatsdant

Ans: (a) Singhdanshra

365. What is that arrow called whose head is as sharp as a knife?

- (a) Anjalik
- (b) Narach
- (c) Kshur
- (d) Bhalla

Ans: (c) Kshur

366. Which of the following is a weapon?

- (a) Talwar
- (b) Anjalik
- (c) Gada
- (d) Khadga

Ans: (b) Anjalik

367. Which of the following is an arm?

- (a) Narach
- (b) Bhalla
- (c) Anjalik
- (d) Talwar

Ans: (d) Talwar

368. What is the name of the bow of Lord Vishnu?

- (a) Sharnga
- (b) Ajagava
- (c) Vaishnav
- (d) Gaandeev

Ans: (a) Sharnga

369. Which weapon did Shri Rama use to kill Kumbhakarn with?

- (a) Brahmaastra
- (b) Varunaastra
- (c) Aindraastra
- (d) Jrimbhakaastra

Ans: (c) Aindraastra

370. Who gave Brahmaastra to Vibheeshan?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Kuber
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (c) Brahma

371. Who gave the weapon Jrimbhakaastra to Shri Rama?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Bharadwaj

Ans: (b) Vishwamitra

372. Who gave the weapon Vayavyaastra to Shri Rama?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (d) Vishwamitra

373. Who gave the weapon *Varunpash* to Shri Rama?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Atri
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (a) Vishwamitra

374. Who gave Shri Rama the weapon named *Sarchimali*?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Atri
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Agastya

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

375. Who gave Shri Rama the weapon named *Sarpnath*?

- (a) Shringi
- (b) Jaabaali
- (c) Atri
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (d) Vishwamitra

376. Who gave Meghnad the weapon called *Brahmshiras*?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Agni
- (d) Durga

Ans: (a) Brahma

377. Who gave the weapon named *Satyavan* to Shri Rama?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Indra

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

378. Who gave the weapon named *Satyakeerti* to Shri Rama?

- (a) Parashurama
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Yajnavalkya
- (d) Atri

Ans: (b) Vishwamitra

379. Who presented Shri Rama with the weapon called *Ruchir*?

- (a) Bharadwaj
- (b) Indra
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (d) Vishwamitra

380. With which weapon Lakshman used to fight?

- (a) Talwar
- (b) Dhanush-Baan
- (c) Gada
- (d) Khadga

Ans: (b) Dhanush-Baan

381. To which god the weapon named *Vajra* belonged to?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Varun
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Vayu

Ans: (a) Indra

382. With which weapon Hanuman used to fight?

- (a) Talwar
- (b) Khadga
- (c) Gada
- (d) Dand

Ans: (c) Gada

383. Who blessed Meghnad with Naagpash?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Indra

Ans: (d) Indra

384. Naagpash was the weapon of which deity?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Vayu
- (c) Varun
- (d) Agni

Ans: (c) Varun

385. The divine bow given by Maharshi Agastya to Shri Rama belonged to whom?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (a) Vishnu

386. Name the weapon which results in a shower of stones.

- (a) Vayavyaashtra
- (b) Varunaashtra
- (c) Parvataashtra
- (d) Anjalikaashtra

Ans: (c) Parvataashtra

387. What was the name of the arrow which King Dasharath used by mistake upon Shrivankumar?

- (a) Aindraashtra
- (b) Shabdbhedi
- (c) Jrimbhakaashtra
- (d) Brahmshiras

Ans: (b) Shabdbhedi

388. The divine bow, unpenetrable shield, the quiver full of divine arrows, and the gold-coated double edged sword which King Janaka gave as dowry to Shri Rama were given to him by whom?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Varun
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (c) Varun

389. Who is the deity of the terrible weapon called Tamas?

- (a) Rahu (Tamograha)
- (b) Surya

- (c) Varun
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (a) Rahu

390. Name the weapon which Lava used against the army which had come near the Valmeeki hermitage and put them to sleep.

- (a) Jrimbhakaastra
- (b) Vayavyaasta
- (c) Varunaasta
- (d) Paashupataasta

Ans: (a) Jrimbhakaastra

391. What is that mace called which is full of iron nails and is four hands long?

- (a) Shataghni
- (b) Pranantak
- (c) Vijayini
- (d) Chandrahas

Ans: (a) Shataghni

392. How many divine bows did King Janaka give to Shri Rama in dowry?

- (a) 5
- (b) 3
- (c) 1
- (d) 2

Ans: (d) 2

393. Who gave the great Javelin to Lavanaasur?

- (a) Madhu
- (b) Maareech
- (c) Khar
- (d) Subahu

Ans: (a) Madhu

□

IMPORTANT PLACES

394. On which river's bank the hermitage of Maharshi Valmeekei was situated?

- (a) Sarayu
- (b) Narmada
- (c) Charmanwati
- (d) Tamsa

Ans: (d) Tamsa

395. Name the place where Bharat stayed when Shri Rama was in the jungle?

- (a) Nandigram
- (b) Panchwati
- (c) Mahendra mountain
- (d) On the banks of river Tamsa

Ans: (a) Nandigram

396. Where were Bharat and Shatrughna when Rama was going to the jungle?

- (a) In Ayodhya
- (b) They had gone for hunting in the jungle
- (c) In Kekaya pradesh
- (d) In the hermitage of Vasishtha

Ans: (c) In Kekaya pradesh

397. During his stay in jungle at which place did Shri Rama reside most?

- (a) On the shores of the sea
- (b) In Chitrakoot
- (c) On Kishkindha mountain
- (d) In the hermitage of Rishi Bharadwaj

Ans: (b) In Chitrakoot

398. In which forest Shabari resided?

- (a) Matang Vana
- (b) Kamyak Vana
- (c) Dandak Vana
- (d) Vrinda Vana

Ans: (a) Matang Vana

399. Where did Sugreeva live after his banishment from Kishkindha by Bali?

- (a) Rishyamook Parvat
- (b) Mahendra Parvat
- (c) Indrakeel Parvat
- (d) Mainak Parvat

Ans: (a) Rishyamook Parvat

400. Near which mountain Shri Rama's army camped on reaching Lanka?

- (a) Sumeru
- (b) Suvel
- (c) Rishyamook
- (d) Neel

Ans: (b) Suvel

401. Name the mountain which Hanuman climbed to leap across the sea?

- (a) Raivatak
- (b) Mahendra
- (c) Kaanchan
- (d) Malayagiri

Ans: (b) Mahendra

402. On which mountain the Lanka Nagari was situated?

- (a) Gandhmadan
- (b) Sumeru
- (c) Trikoot
- (d) Kailas

Ans: (c) Trikoot

403. On which mountain the medicines named Vishalyakarni, Savarnyakarni, Sanjeevkarni and Sandhani are found?

- (a) Pariyatra
- (b) Himalaya
- (c) Kaanchan
- (d) Mahodaya

Ans: (d) Mahodaya

404. On which mountain Parashurama had his hermitage?

- (a) Sumeru
- (b) Mandarachal
- (c) Mahendra
- (d) Kishkindha

Ans: (c) Mahendra

405. Which river Shri Rama, Sita and Lakshman crossed over near Shringverpur?

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Tamsa
- (c) Godavari
- (d) Yamuna

Ans: (a) Ganga

406. Where were Lava-Kush born?

- (a) At Ayodhya
- (b) In Valmeeki's hermitage
- (c) At Panchvati
- (d) At Ashok Vatika

Ans: (b) In Valmeeki's hermitage

407. While fighting with Lakshman Meghnad left the battle and went off to perform *yajna* at a place. Name this place.

- (a) To the hermitage of Shukracharya
- (b) To a temple in Lanka
- (c) To his own palace
- (d) To Nikumbhila

Ans: (d) In Nikumbhila

408. In which direction Nandigram is situated from Ayodhya?

- (a) North
- (b) South
- (c) East
- (d) West

Ans: (c) East

409. Where did Khar and Dooshan live?

- (a) Dandak Vana
- (b) In Lanka
- (c) On Kishkindha mountain
- (d) In Chitrakoot

Ans: (a) Dandak Vana

410. Where did Sita stay after her banishment by Shri Rama?

- (a) In Valmeeki's hermitage
- (b) Vishwamitra's hermitage
- (c) In Panchvati
- (d) In Ashok Vatika

Ans: (a) In Valmeeki's hermitage

411. On the bank of which river, Panchvati, the place where Shri Rama, Sita and Lakshman lived during their banishment, was situated?

- (a) Charmanvati
- (b) Godavari
- (c) Tamsa
- (d) Ganga

Ans: (b) Godavari

412. During Rama's stay in jungle where did Bharat meet him?

- (a) Kishkindha mountain
- (b) Lanka
- (c) Chitrakoot
- (d) Shores of the ocean

Ans: (c) Chitrakoot

413. On the banks of which river Bharadwaj *Rishi* had his hermitage?

- (a) Tamsa
- (b) Narmada
- (c) Sarayu

(d) At the confluence of Ganga-Yamuna

Ans: (d) At the confluence of Ganga-Yamuna

414. Where did Nishadraj live?

- (a) Chitrakoot
- (b) Shringverpur
- (c) Kushasthali
- (d) Nandigram

Ans: (b) Shringverpur

415. When Ravana kidnapped Sita where did he keep her at first?

- (a) Ashok Vatika
- (b) In a cave
- (c) In his harem
- (d) In Vibheeshan's palace

Ans: (c) In his harem

416. Where did the demon Viradh live?

- (a) Dandak Vana
- (b) Kamyak Vana
- (c) Mithila
- (d) Patal

Ans: (a) Dandak Vana

417. Where did Rishi Agastya live?

- (a) On Mahendra mountain
- (b) Dandkaranya
- (c) In the sea
- (d) In Mithila

Ans: (b) Dandkaranya

418. In which mountain the black monkeys were found?

- (a) Kaanchan
- (b) Anjan
- (c) Rishyamook
- (d) Mainak

Ans: (b) Anjana

419. By bathing in which river you could achieve *santanak lok*?

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Godavari
- (c) Sarayu
- (d) Tapti

Ans: (c) Sarayu

420. On which mountain the *Vanar* company commander Panas lived?

- (a) Pariyatra
- (b) Kaanchan

- (c) Mainak
- (d) Anjan

Ans: (a) Pariyatra

421. Where did Hanuman meet Shri Rama for the first time?

- (a) Rishyamook mountain
- (b) Pampa Sarovar
- (c) Lanka
- (d) Panchvati

Ans: (a) Rishyamook mountain

422. Where did Ganga fall after leaving Shiva's hair?

- (a) Gomukh
- (b) Ayodhya
- (c) Gangottari
- (d) Vindu Sarovar

Ans: (d) Vindu Sarovar

423. Name the mountain which became golden because of a boon given by sun?

- (a) Mandarachal
- (b) Mainak
- (c) Sumeru
- (d) Trikoot

Ans: (c) Sumeru

424. Which mountain is supposed to be the living place of Lord Shiva?

- (a) Rishyamook
- (b) Kailas
- (c) Mahendra
- (d) Sumeru

Ans: (b) Kailas

425. Which forest is known as *janasthan*?

- (a) Dandak Vana
- (b) Kamyak Vana
- (c) Madhu Vana
- (d) Nandan Vana

Ans: (a) Dandak Vana

426. In which direction did Sugreeva send the company commander Vinat to search Sitaji?

- (a) East
- (b) South
- (c) North
- (d) West

Ans: (a) East

427. Where is the *Ramshila* located?

- (a) Gaya

- (b) Ayodhya
- (c) Varanasi
- (d) Prayag

Ans: (a) Gaya

428. On which mountain the Pragjyotish Nagar is located?

- (a) Mainak
- (b) Varah
- (c) Kailas
- (d) Mahendra

Ans: (b) Varah

429. Who was sent by Sugreeva to search for Sitaji in the area of Vaidyut mount?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Jaambavan
- (c) Neel
- (d) Vinat

Ans: (a) Hanuman

430. In which direction Sugreeva sent Vrishabh to search for Sitaji?

- (a) East
- (b) North
- (c) South
- (d) West

Ans: (c) South

431. Which mountain did Vishwakarma make a heavenly abode for Rishi Agastya?

- (a) Meru
- (b) Gandhmadan
- (c) Vindhya
- (d) Kunjar

Ans: (d) Kunjar

432. Whom did Sugreeva send to Malavdesha to search for Sitaji?

- (a) Vinat
- (b) Nal
- (c) Angad
- (d) Vrishabh

Ans: (a) Vinat

433. Who ruled over Sauveer Desha?

- (a) Janaka
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Ravana
- (d) Bali

Ans: (b) Dasharath

434. Of which direction Indra is considered guardian?

- (a) East
- (b) West
- (c) North
- (d) South

Ans: (a) East

435. Who is considered the guardian of South-East?

- (a) Yama
- (b) Kuber
- (c) Varun
- (d) Agni

Ans: (d) Agni

436. Yama is the guardian of which direction?

- (a) South
- (b) East
- (c) North
- (d) West

Ans: (a) South

437. Of which direction Kuber is considered guardian?

- (a) West
- (b) North-East
- (c) North
- (d) South-West

Ans: (c) North

438. Who is considered the guardian of the South-West?

- (a) Varun
- (b) Surya
- (c) Indra
- (d) Agni

Ans: (b) Surya

439. Varun is considered the guardian of which direction?

- (a) South-East
- (b) North
- (c) West
- (d) East

Ans: (c) West

440. At the banks of which river Kurudesh was situated?

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Tamsa
- (c) Shailoda
- (d) Narmada

Ans: (c) Shailoda

441. On which mountain is the palace of Brahma situated?

- (a) Arisht
- (b) Meru
- (c) Rishyamook
- (d) Neel

Ans: (b) Meru

442. On which mountain did the *vanar* company commander Sharabh live?

- (a) Mainak
- (b) Kaanchan
- (c) Anjan
- (d) Salveya

Ans: (d) Salveya

443. Name the capital of Kekaya Pradesh?

- (a) Rajgriha
- (b) Magadh
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Madhupur

Ans: (a) Rajgriha

444. On the banks of which river is Shringverpur situated?

- (a) Godavari
- (b) Sarayu
- (c) Ganga
- (d) Tamsa

Ans: (c) Ganga

445. Who founded Lavapur?

- (a) Rama
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Kush
- (d) Lava

Ans: (d) Lava

446. On which mountain did the *Vanar* company commander Pramathi live?

- (a) Mainak
- (b) Salveya
- (c) Mandar
- (d) Kaanchan

Ans: (c) Mandaar

447. Which mountain was never visited by Bali because of the fear of the curse of Rishi Matang?

- (a) Rishyamook
- (b) Sumeru
- (c) Neel
- (d) Anjan

Ans: (a) Rishyamook

448. Which of the following countries was famous for beautiful horses?

- (a) Mithila
- (b) Gaya
- (c) Bahleek
- (d) Ayodhya

Ans: (c) Bahleek

449. On which mountain was Muni Richeek's hermitage located?

- (a) Mahendra
- (b) Bhrigutung
- (c) Kailas
- (d) Vindhyachal

Ans: (b) Bhrigutung

450. In which direction did Sugreeva send Hanuman and Angad to search for Sitaji?

- (a) South
- (b) East
- (c) West
- (d) North

Ans: (a) South

451. On which mountain did the *Vanar* company commander Kesari reside?

- (a) Sumeru
- (b) Kishkindha
- (c) Kaanchan
- (d) Mandarachal

Ans: (c) Kaanchan

452. Whom did Sugreeva send to Pandya Desh to search for Sitaji?

- (a) Nal
- (b) Jaambavan
- (c) Angad
- (d) Sushen

Ans: (c) Angad

453. While leaving for the forest at which place did Shri Rama leave all the people of Ayodhya fast asleep?

- (a) Chitrakoot
- (b) Bharadwaj's hermitage
- (c) Shringverpur
- (d) Atri's hermitage

Ans: (c) Shringverpur

454. Where did Bharat stay during his childhood?

- (a) Hermitage
- (b) Maternal grandparent's house
- (c) Nandigram
- (d) Ayodhya

Ans: (b) Maternal grand-parent's house

455. At the time of Sita *swayamvar* from which place did King Janaka call Kushadhvaj?

- (a) Shankashya
- (b) Gaya
- (c) Ayodhya
- (d) Champa Nagri

Ans: (a) Shankashya

456. Who was the first to reach Lanka in search of Sitaji?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Jaambavan
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Gandhmadan

Ans: (c) Hanuman

457. Where was Shri Rama born?

- (a) Prayag
- (b) Ayodhya
- (c) Mithila
- (d) Shringverpur

Ans: (b) Ayodhya

458. Where did Sitaji meet Hanuman for the first time?

- (a) Ashok Vatika
- (b) Chitrakoot
- (c) Shringverpur
- (d) Bharadwaj's hermitage

Ans: (a) Ashok Vatika

459. Near which river was Prathishthanpur situated?

- (a) Charmanvati
- (b) Narmada
- (c) Confluence of Ganga-Yamuna
- (d) Kaveri

Ans: (c) Confluence of Ganga-Yamuna

460. Shri Rama's friend Pratardan was the king of which place?

- (a) Koshal
- (b) Kashi
- (c) Prathishthanpur
- (d) Kekaya

Ans: (b) Kashi

461. Where was Mount Sudama located?

- (a) Bahleek
- (b) Gaya
- (c) Kashi

(d) Lanka

Ans: (a) Bahleek

462. Whom did Sugreeva send to the southern country of Chola in search of Sitaji?

(a) Sushen

(b) Angad

(c) Vinat

(d) Maind

Ans: (b) Angad

463. Whom did Sugreeva send to Magadh to search for Sitaji?

(a) Vinat

(b) Hanuman

(c) Dvivid

(d) Tar

Ans: (a) Vinat

□

AN OCEAN OF RELATIONSHIPS

MOTHER

464. Who was Shri Rama's mother?

- (a) Kaikeyi
- (b) Sumitra
- (c) Kaushalya
- (d) Manthara

Ans: (c) Kaushalya

465. Who was Hanuman's mother?

- (a) Anjani
- (b) Kritika
- (c) Ahalya
- (d) Sulakshana

Ans: (a) Anjani

466. Who was Dasharath's mother?

- (a) Shanta
- (b) Suyasha
- (c) Indumati
- (d) Kaikeyi

Ans: (c) Indumati

467. Who was Ravana's mother?

- (a) Mandodari
- (b) Kaikasi
- (c) Manthara
- (d) Sulochna

Ans: (b) Kaikasi

468. Who was the mother of Jatayu?

- (a) Shyeni
- (b) Praksha
- (c) Diti
- (d) Kundava

Ans: (a) Shyeni

469. Who among the following was Mandodari's mother?

- (a) Prabha
- (b) Hema
- (c) Urvashi
- (d) Rukmini

Ans: (b) Hema

470. Who among the following was Vibheeshan's mother?

- (a) Mandodari
- (b) Kaikasi
- (c) Urvashi
- (d) Prabha

Ans: (b) Kaikasi

471. Who among the following was Khar's mother?

- (a) Pushpotkata
- (b) Trijata
- (c) Mandodari
- (d) Yugandhara

Ans: (a) Pushpotkata

472. Who among the following was Dooshan's mother?

- (a) Krodhvasha
- (b) Hema
- (c) Waka
- (d) Prabha

Ans: (c) Waka

473. Who among the following was Meghnad's mother?

- (a) Kaikasi
- (b) Vipasha
- (c) Diti
- (d) Mandodari

Ans: (d) Mandodari

474. Who among the following was the mother of Maareech?

- (a) Taraka
- (b) Kaikasi
- (c) Shoorpnakha
- (d) Nandini

Ans: (a) Taraka

475. Who was the mother of the *vanar* Nal?

- (a) Menaka
- (b) Ghritachi
- (c) Urvashi
- (d) Jaanpadi

Ans: (b) Ghritachi

476. Who was the mother of Lakshman?

- (a) Sumitra
- (b) Kaushalya
- (c) Kaikeyi
- (d) Manthara

Ans: (a) Sumitra

477. Who was the mother of Maharshi Parashurama?

- (a) Jaahnavi
- (b) Renuka
- (c) Rewati
- (d) Loma

Ans: (b) Renuka

478. Who was the mother of Shatrughna?

- (a) Sumitra
- (b) Kaikeyi
- (c) Kaushalya
- (d) Indumati

Ans: (a) Sumitra

479. Who was the mother of Bharat?

- (a) Kaushalya
- (b) Sumitra
- (c) Manthara
- (d) Kaikeyi

Ans: (d) Kaikeyi

480. Who among the following was the mother of Angad?

- (a) Rooma
- (b) Tara
- (c) Ahalya
- (d) Mandodari

Ans: (b) Tara

481. Who was the mother of Lavanaasur?

- (a) Kaikasi
- (b) Taraka
- (c) Kumbheenasi
- (d) Kritika

Ans: (c) Kumbheenasi

482. Who was the mother of King Janaka's family priest Shatananda?

- (a) Shabari
- (b) Sulochna
- (c) Kaikasi
- (d) Ahalya

Ans: (d) Ahalya

483. Who was the mother of the demon Akampan?

- (a) Kaikasi
- (b) Surasa
- (c) Ketumati
- (d) Trijata

Ans: (c) Ketumati

484. Who was the mother of Puru?

- (a) Devhooiti
- (b) Devyani
- (c) Sharmishtha
- (d) Yugandhara

Ans: (c) Sharmishtha

485. What was the name of Indra's mother?

- (a) Aditi
- (b) Uma
- (c) Saraswati
- (d) Laxmi

Ans: (a) Aditi

486. Who was the mother of Ravana's son Atikaya?

- (a) Mandodari
- (b) Trijata
- (c) Dhanyamalin
- (d) Vajrajwala

Ans: (c) Dhanyamalin

487. Who was Kuber's mother?

- (a) Satyavandhya
- (b) Devvarnini
- (c) Anjani
- (d) Gayatri

Ans: (b) Devvarnini

488. Who was Surasa's mother?

- (a) Kadru
- (b) Krodhvasa
- (c) Urvashi
- (d) Yugandhara

Ans: (b) Krodhvasa

489. Who was the mother of demon Viradh?

- (a) Shathrada
- (b) Pushpotkata
- (c) Waka
- (d) Mandodari

Ans: (a) Shatahrada

490. Who was the mother of the demon Mahodar?

- (a) Trijata
- (b) Vajrajwala
- (c) Pushpotkata
- (d) Waka

Ans: (c) Pushpotkata

491. Who was the mother of Naags?

- (a) Trijata
- (b) Mandodari
- (c) Surasa
- (d) Hema

Ans: (c) Surasa

492. Who was the mother of Daitya Dundubhi?

- (a) Hema
- (b) Aditi
- (c) Sulochna
- (d) Pragma

Ans: (a) Hema (Angel)

493. Who among the following was Maharshi Durvasa's mother?

- (a) Arundhati
- (b) Ahalya
- (c) Gargi
- (d) Anasooya

Ans: (d) Anasooya

494. The she-demon Singhika was the mother of whom?

- (a) Rahu
- (b) Chandrama
- (c) Daitya
- (d) Ravana

Ans: (a) Rahu

FATHER

495. Who was Hanuman's father?

- (a) Bali
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Hayagreeva
- (d) Kesari

Ans: (d) Kesari

496. Who was Ravana's father?

- (a) Vishrawa
- (b) Pulastya
- (c) Sumali
- (d) Ahravana

Ans: (a) Vishrawa

497. Who was the father of Taraka?

- (a) Suketu
- (b) Maareech
- (c) Subahu

(d) Ravana

Ans: (a) Suketu

498. Who was the father of Jatayu?

(a) Vasuki

(b) Surya

(c) Arun

(d) Kalnemi

Ans: (c) Arun

499. What was the name of Jaambavan's father?

(a) Rikshvanta

(b) Gadgad

(c) Riksharaj

(d) Bhavanad

Ans: (b) Gadgad

500. Who was the father of Bali?

(a) Riksharaj

(b) Jaambavan

(c) Rikshavan

(d) Kambodar

Ans: (a) Riksharaj

501. What was the name of Sugreeva's father?

(a) Kesari

(b) Malyavan

(c) Jaambavan

(d) Riksharaj

Ans: (d) Riksharaj

502. Who was the father of Khar-Dooshan?

(a) Subahu

(b) Suketu

(c) Vishrawa

(d) Bali

Ans: (c) Vishrawa

503. Who was the father of the *Vanar* Nal?

(a) Maya

(b) Vishwakarma

(c) Bali

(d) Indra

Ans: (b) Vishwakarma

504. Who was the father of the *vanar* Neel?

(a) Vishwakarma

(b) Maya

- (c) Agnidev
- (d) Kesari

Ans: (c) Agnidev

505. Who was the father of King Dasharath?

- (a) Dileep
- (b) Aja
- (c) Raghu
- (d) Agniparn

Ans: (b) Aja

506. Who was the father of the *vanar* Angad?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Neel
- (c) Bali
- (d) Nal

Ans: (c) Bali

507. Who was the father of Shri Rama, Bharat, Lakshman and Shatrughna?

- (a) Aja
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Janaka
- (d) Raghu

Ans: (b) Dasharath

508. What was the name of Mandodari's father?

- (a) Maya
- (b) Sumali
- (c) Maareech
- (d) Subahu

Ans: (a) Maya

509. Who was the father of Sulochna?

- (a) Naag Aaryak
- (b) Naag Takshak
- (c) Naag Vasuki
- (d) Naag Ashwasen

Ans: (c) Naag Vasuki

510. Who was the father of Maharshi Parashurama?

- (a) Bharadwaj
- (b) Jamdagni
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (b) Jamdagni

511. Who was the father of Maharshi Vishwamitra?

- (a) Jamdagni

- (b) Atri
- (c) Gaadhi
- (d) Kashyap

Ans: (c) Gaadhi

512. Who was the father of demon Sumali?

- (a) Maya
- (b) Sukesh
- (c) Pulastya
- (d) Vishrawa

Ans: (b) Sukesh

513. Who was the father of Lavanaasur?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Prahast
- (c) Madhu Daitya
- (d) Pulastya

Ans: (c) Madhu Daitya

514. Who was the father of King Janaka's family priest Shatananda?

- (a) Yaajnavalkya
- (b) Gautam
- (c) Jamdagni
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (b) Gautam

515. Who was the father of King Gaadhi?

- (a) Kushanabh
- (b) Sagar
- (c) Kritveerya
- (d) Kushadhvaj

Ans: (a) Kushanabh

516. Who was the father of Sund?

- (a) Upasund
- (b) Maareech
- (c) Dooshan
- (d) Jambh

Ans: (d) Jambh

517. Who was the father of the *Vanar* company commander Maareech?

- (a) Yaajnavalkya
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Mareechi
- (d) Jamdagni

Ans: (c) Mareechi

518. Who was the father of *Vanar* named Ulkamukh and Ananga?

- (a) Kesari
- (b) Hutashan
- (c) Sushen
- (d) Dvivid

Ans: (b) Hutashan

519. Who was the father of demon Mahodar?

- (a) Pulastya
- (b) Dhoomraksha
- (c) Praghas
- (d) Vishrawa

Ans: (d) Vishrawa

520. Who was the father of Maandhata?

- (a) Yuvnashva
- (b) Haryashva
- (c) Agnivarn
- (d) Maru

Ans: (a) Yuvnashva

521. Who was the father of the demon Trishira?

- (a) Khar
- (b) Dooshan
- (c) Ravana
- (d) Maareech

Ans: (c) Ravana

522. Who was the father of Mandavee and Shrutkeerti?

- (a) Seeradhvaj
- (b) Kapidhwaj
- (c) Shatadhvaj
- (d) Kushadhvaj

Ans: (d) Kushadhvaj

523. Who was the father of King Janaka?

- (a) Hrasvaroma
- (b) Udaavasu
- (c) Kakutstha
- (d) Mithi

Ans: (a) Hrasvaroma

524. Who was the father of Kakutstha?

- (a) Dileep
- (b) Bhageerath
- (c) Raghu
- (d) Maandhata

Ans: (b) Bhageerath

525. Who was Kaikeyi's father?

- (a) Ashwapati
- (b) Kushadhvaj
- (c) Moradhvaj
- (d) Sushen

Ans: (a) Ashwapati

526. Who was the father of Anshuman?

- (a) Sagar
- (b) Asamanja
- (c) Bhageerath
- (d) Vasishtha

Ans: (b) Asamanja

527. Who was the father of demon Viradh?

- (a) Java
- (b) Maya
- (c) Baka
- (d) Agha

Ans: (a) Java

528. Who was the father of the Rishi Jamdagni?

- (a) Bharadwaj
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Durvasa
- (d) Richeek

Ans: (d) Richeek

529. Who was the father of Puru?

- (a) Yayaati
- (b) Kuru
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Dewapi

Ans: (a) Yayaati

530. Who was the father of Nahush?

- (a) Aayu
- (b) Kakutstha
- (c) Puru
- (d) Yaudheya

Ans: (a) Aayu

531. Who was the father of Raghu?

- (a) Dileep
- (b) Bhageerath
- (c) Aja
- (d) Kakutstha

Ans: (a) Dileep

532. Who was the father of Kuber?

- (a) Pulastya
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Vishrawa
- (d) Ahiravana

Ans: (c) Vishrawa

533. Who was the father of Rishi Durvasa?

- (a) Atri
- (b) Bharadwaj
- (c) Vyas
- (d) Jamdagni

Ans: (a) Atri

534. Who was the father of Trishanku?

- (a) Galav
- (b) Prithu
- (c) Gaadhi
- (d) Vyas

Ans: (b) Prithu

535. Who was the father of Swayamprabha?

- (a) Richeek
- (b) Merusavarni
- (c) Vishvasaha
- (d) Parjanya

Ans: (b) Merusavarni

536. Who was the grandfather of Ravana?

- (a) Sumali
- (b) Pulastya
- (c) Vishrawa
- (d) Malyavan

Ans: (b) Pulastya

537. Who was the grandfather of Shri Rama?

- (a) Raghu
- (b) Dileep
- (c) Bhageerath
- (d) Aja

Ans: (d) Aja

538. Which *Vanar* was the grandfather of the *Vanars*?

- (a) Samnadan
- (b) Gandhmadan
- (c) Sushen
- (d) Kesari

Ans: (a) Samnadan

WIFE

539. Who was the wife of Bharat?

- (a) Mandavi
- (b) Shrutkeerti
- (c) Urmila
- (d) Sucheta

Ans: (a) Mandavi

540. Who was the wife of Lakshman?

- (a) Shrutkeerti
- (b) Urmila
- (c) Mandavi
- (d) Sulakshana

Ans: (b) Urmila

541. Who was Shatrughna's wife?

- (a) Mandavi
- (b) Shrutkeerti
- (c) Tara
- (d) Yashodhara

Ans: (b) Shrutkeerti

542. Who was the wife of Meghnad?

- (a) Maurvi
- (b) Sulochna
- (c) Kumudini
- (d) Suhasini

Ans: (b) Sulochna

543. Who was Vibheeshan's wife?

- (a) Sumati
- (b) Surasa
- (c) Sangana
- (d) Sarama

Ans: (d) Sarama

544. Who was Kumbhakarn's wife?

- (a) Vajrajwala
- (b) Balandhara
- (c) Maurvi
- (d) Mandodari

Ans: (a) Vajrajwala

545. Shoorpnakha was the wife of whom?

- (a) Kekabh
- (b) Viddujjihva
- (c) Poornanabh

(d) Java

Ans: (b) Viddujjihva

546. What was the name of King Janaka's wife?

(a) Sumitra

(b) Hema

(c) Sunayana

(d) Sugandha

Ans: (c) Sunayana

547. What was the name of Kush's wife?

(a) Devika

(b) Kanjanana

(c) Sumati

(d) Champaka

Ans: (d) Champaka

548. Who was Bali's wife?

(a) Rooma

(b) Ahalya

(c) Tara

(d) Sulochna

Ans: (c) Tara

549. Who was Sugreeva's wife?

(a) Tara

(b) Rooma

(c) Maurvi

(d) Gaandhari

Ans: (b) Rooma

550. Ahalya was the wife of which *Rishi*?

(a) Atri

(b) Vasishtha

(c) Gautam

(d) Valmeeki

Ans: (c) Gautam

551. Who was the wife of Rishi Atri?

(a) Arundhati

(b) Rohini

(c) Ketaki

(d) Anasooya

Ans: (d) Anasooya

552. Who was the wife of Rishi Vasishtha?

(a) Renuka

(b) Revati

- (c) Arundhati
- (d) Vijaya

Ans: (c) Arundhati

553. Who was the wife of Rishi Jamdagni?

- (a) Renuka
- (b) Revati
- (c) Devaki
- (d) Vijaya

Ans: (a) Renuka

554. Who among the following was the second wife of King Sagar?

- (a) Suneeti
- (b) Shubha
- (c) Sumati
- (d) Shrutkeerti

Ans: (c) Sumati

555. Who among the following was the wife of Maharshi Kashyap?

- (a) Aditi
- (b) Shataroopa
- (c) Sharmishtha
- (d) Shrutkeerti

Ans: (a) Aditi

556. Who was the wife of Maharshi Vishwamitra?

- (a) Sati
- (b) Sulakshana
- (c) Madri
- (d) Shanta

Ans: (a) Sati

557. Who among the following was the wife of Ikshvaku?

- (a) Mandavi
- (b) Sunayana
- (c) Alambusha
- (d) Sarama

Ans: (c) Alambusha

558. Who among the following was the wife of Rishi Yaajnavalkya?

- (a) Yugandhara
- (b) Maitreyi
- (c) Anasooya
- (d) Arundhati

Ans: (b) Maitreyi

559. Whose wives were Raka, Pushpotkata and Balaka?

- (a) Ravana

- (b) Vishrawa
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) Prahast

Ans: (b) Vishrawa

560. What was the name of Indra's wife?

- (a) Anjani
- (b) Sati
- (c) Ahalya
- (d) Shachi

Ans: (d) Shachi

561. Out of the following whose wives were Sumati and Kanjanana?

- (a) Lava
- (b) Kush
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Chandraketu

Ans: (a) Lava

562. Who among the following was the wife of Chandrama?

- (a) Rohini
- (b) Revati
- (c) Uma
- (d) Renuka

Ans: (a) Rohini

SONS–DAUGHTERS

563. What was the name of Hanuman's son?

- (a) Kapidhwaj
- (b) Shatadhwaj
- (c) Makardhwaj
- (d) Seeradhwaj

Ans: (c) Makardhwaj

564. What was the name of Lakshman's son?

- (a) Lava
- (b) Chandraketu
- (c) Kush
- (d) Sumantra

Ans: (b) Chandraketu

565. Who was the son of Kumbhakarn?

- (a) Akshkumar
- (b) Melha
- (c) Makaraksh
- (d) Nikumbh

Ans: (d) Nikumbh

566. Who was the son of Bharat?

- (a) Taksh
- (b) Chandraketu
- (c) Kush
- (d) Angad

Ans: (a) Taksh

567. Who was the son of Sampati?

- (a) Jatayu
- (b) Deerghayu
- (c) Chirayu
- (d) Suparshva

Ans: (d) Suparshva

568. Out of the following who was the daughter of Dasharath?

- (a) Suyasha
- (b) Sunanda
- (c) Shanta
- (d) Sunayna

Ans: (c) Shanta

569. Who was Vibheeshan's daughter?

- (a) Lalita
- (b) Kala
- (c) Sukanya
- (d) Minakshi

Ans: (b) Kala

570. Out of the following who was the son of Shatrughna?

- (a) Chandraketu
- (b) Angad
- (c) Subahu
- (d) Lava

Ans: (c) Subahu

571. Out of the following who was the son of Bharat?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Kush
- (c) Pushkal
- (d) Chandraketu

Ans: (c) Pushkal

572. Out of the following who was the son of Maharshi Vasishtha?

- (a) Suyajna
- (b) Aaruni
- (c) Upamanyu
- (d) Ved

Ans: (a) Suyajna

573. Who was the daughter of Bali?

- (a) Subhadra
- (b) Lilakshi
- (c) Minakshi
- (d) Suhagi

Ans: (a) Subhadra

574. Out of the following who was the son of Lakshman?

- (a) Kush
- (b) Shridam
- (c) Angad
- (d) Lava

Ans: (c) Angad

575. Whose son was the demon Atikaya?

- (a) Vibheeshan
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Khar

Ans: (b) Ravana

576. Who was the son of Indra's charioteer Maatali?

- (a) Jayant
- (b) Siddhartha
- (c) Gomukh
- (d) Yashomukha

Ans: (c) Gomukh

577. Who was the son of demon Khar?

- (a) Dooshan
- (b) Makaraksha
- (c) Subahu
- (d) Angarak

Ans: (b) Makaraksh

578. Who among the following was the son of Shatrughna?

- (a) Shatrughati
- (b) Kush
- (c) Chandraketu
- (d) Taksh

Ans: (a) Shatrughati

579. Whose son was Nalkoobar?

- (a) Agni
- (b) Kuber
- (c) Varun
- (d) Indra

Ans: (b) Kuber

580. Out of these who was the son of Trishanku?

- (a) Ambareesh
- (b) Rompad
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Dhundhumar

Ans: (d) Dhundhumar

581. Whose spiritual son was Naarad?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Varun

Ans: (b) Brahma

582. Who was the son of Vishwamitra?

- (a) Havishyanda
- (b) Angad
- (c) Gandhmadan
- (d) Kusheemar

Ans: (a) Havishyanda

583. Out of the following who was the son of Bhageerath?

- (a) Aja
- (b) Anshuman
- (c) Dileep
- (d) Kakutstha

Ans: (d) Kakutstha

GRANDPARENTS–UNCLES (NANA–MAMA)

584. Who was Ravana's grandmother (*nani*)?

- (a) Kautumati
- (b) Kumbheenasi
- (c) Kaikasi
- (d) Mandodari

Ans: (a) Kautumati

585. How was she demon Taraka related to Ravana?

- (a) She was his *nani*
- (b) She was his *chachi*
- (c) She was his *bua*
- (d) She was his sister

Ans: (a) Nani

586. Who was Ravana's grandfather (*nana*)?

- (a) Ahravana
- (b) Pulastya
- (c) Maya
- (d) Malyavan

Ans: (b) Pulastya

587. Who was Bharat's *mama*?

- (a) Shesh
- (b) Markandeya
- (c) Yudhajit
- (d) Ashwapati

Ans: (c) Yudhajit

588. Who was Sugreeva's *mama*?

- (a) Dadhimukh
- (b) Agnimukh
- (c) Agnivarna
- (d) Agniketu

Ans: (a) Dadhimukh

589. Who was Shri Rama's *nana*?

- (a) Ashwapati
- (b) Bhanuman
- (c) Kakutstha
- (d) Maandhata

Ans: (b) Bhanuman

590. Who was Bharat's *nana*?

- (a) Shatadhvaj
- (b) Udavasu
- (c) Ashwapati
- (d) Ashwajit

Ans: (c) Ashwapati

591. Who was Hanuman's *nana*?

- (a) Kesari
- (b) Kunjar
- (c) Vrishabh
- (d) Sushen

Ans: (b) Kunjar

592. Who was Angad's *nana*?

- (a) Maind
- (b) Sushen
- (c) Kunjar
- (d) Tar

Ans: (d) Tar

593. How was Maareech related to Ravana?

- (a) *Chacha* (Father's brother)
- (b) *Mama* (Mother's brother)
- (c) Grandfather

(d) *Nana* (Mother's father)

Ans: (b) Mama

594. How was Lavanaasur related to Ravana?

(a) *Mama* (Mother's brother)

(b) *Bhanaja* (Sister's son)

(c) *Phoopa* (Father's brother-in-law)

(d) *Nana* (Mother's father)

Ans: (b) Bhanaja

595. Who was Meghnad's *mama*?

(a) Balandhar

(b) Aghaasur

(c) Dundubhi

(d) Atikaya

Ans: (c) Dundubhi

596. How was the demon Prahast related to Ravana?

(a) *Chacha* (Father's brother)

(b) *Mama* (Mother's brother)

(c) Brother

(d) *Nana* (Mother's father)

Ans: (b) Mama

□

10

DESTINY

597. Who killed Shrivankumar?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Janaka

Ans: (c) Dasharath

598. Who killed Jatayu?

- (a) Sampati
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Bali
- (d) Ravana

Ans: (d) Ravana

599. When did queen Kaushalya die?

- (a) After the completion of Ashwamedh *yajna* by Shri Rama
- (b) After the return of Shri Rama from the forest
- (c) Immediately after Dasharath died
- (d) After Sita was abducted

Ans: (a) After the completion of Ashwamedh yajna by Shri Rama

600. Which son of Ravana was killed by Hanuman in the Ashok Vatika?

- (a) Akshkumar
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Devaantak
- (d) Naraantak

Ans: (a) Akshkumar

601. Who killed King Maandhata of Ayodhya?

- (a) Lavanaasur
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Madhu
- (d) Kumbhakarn

Ans: (a) Lavanaasur

602. Who killed Maharshi Jamdagni?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Sahasrarjun
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) Bali

Ans: (b) Sahasrarjun

603. Who killed she demon Lankini by hitting her with fists?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Angad
- (c) Neel
- (d) Vinat

Ans: (a) Hanuman

604. Who killed Bali?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Maareech

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

605. Who killed Meghnad?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Angad

Ans: (a) Lakshman

606. Who killed Khar-Dooshan?

- (a) Bharat
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

607. Who killed Ravana?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (b) Shri Rama

608. Who killed Kumbhakarn?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

609. Who killed she demon Taraka?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Janaka
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

610. Who killed Lavanaasur?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Chandraketu

Ans: (a) Shatrughna

611. Who killed the demon Subahu?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Neel

Ans: (a) Shri Rama

612. Who killed Maareech?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

613. Who killed the demon Kalnemi?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Bali

Ans: (b) Hanuman

614. Who killed the she-demon Singhika?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (d) Hanuman

615. Who killed Shambook?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (a) Shri Rama

616. Who killed Dundubhi?

- (a) Meghnad
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Bali
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (d) Bali

617. Which sage killed Sund by cursing him?

- (a) Agastya
- (b) Valmeeki
- (c) Jaabaali
- (d) Atri

Ans: (a) Agastya

618. Who killed the demon Viradh?

- (a) Shatrughna-Bharat
- (b) Lava-Kush
- (c) Hanuman-Angad
- (d) Rama-Lakshman

Ans: (d) Rama-Lakshman

619. Who killed the demon Akampan?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Angad
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Nal

Ans: (c) Hanuman

620. Who killed the demon Agniketu?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (b) Shri Rama

621. Who killed the demon Atikaya?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Angad
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (b) Lakshman

622. Who killed Prahast?

- (a) Neel
- (b) Angad
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (a) Neel

623. Who killed Ravana's army chief Praghas?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Bali
- (d) Angad

Ans: (b) Sugreeva

624. Who killed Nikumbh?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Lava

Ans: (a) Hanuman

625. Who killed Vritraasur?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Indra

Ans: (d) Indra

626. Who killed Ravana's army commander Viroopaksh?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (a) Hanuman

627. Who killed Ravana's army commander Durdhar?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Angad
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (c) Hanuman

628. Who killed Ravana's army commander Youpaksh?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Nal
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (c) Hanuman

629. Who killed Ravana's army commander Bhaskarn?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Vibheeshan

Ans: (b) Hanuman

630. Who killed Shambaraasur?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (a) Indra

631. Who killed Ravana's son Devaantak?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Laskhmana
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Angad

Ans: (c) Hanuman

632. Who killed Ravana's son Naraantak?

- (a) Nal
- (b) Angad
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (b) Angad

633. Who killed the demon leader Yajnakop?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Shri Rama

Ans: (d) Shri Rama

634. Who killed the demon Shambar?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

635. Who killed the demon Sarpasya?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Angad

Ans: (b) Shri Rama

636. Who killed Jambumali, the son of Prahast?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Gandhmadan
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (c) Hanuman

637. Who killed the demon Rashmiketu?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Ravana
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (a) Shri Rama

638. Who killed the demon Rudhirashan?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Indra
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

639. Which deity burnt Kamdev to ashes?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Indra
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (d) Shiva

640. Who killed Tripuraasur?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Indra

Ans: (a) Shiva

641. Who killed the demon Vihangam who was Khar's partner?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Shatrughna

Ans: (b) Shri Rama

642. Who killed the demon Maya?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Indra
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (c) Indra

643. Who killed the demon Kabandha?

- (a) Bali
- (b) Angad
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (a) Bali

644. Who killed King Sudhanwa?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Lavanaasur
- (d) Janaka

Ans: (d) Janaka

645. To go to his heavenly abode in which river did Shri Rama take *jal-samaadhi*?

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Sarayu
- (c) Tamsa
- (d) Gomati

Ans: (b) Sarayu

□

11

KINGS AND EMPERORS

646. Who was the first king of Ayodhya?

- (a) Dileep
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Ikshwaku
- (d) Raghu

Ans: (c) Ikshawaku

647. Dasharath was the king of which place?

- (a) Mithila
- (b) Lanka
- (c) Kekaya
- (d) Ayodhya

Ans: (d) Ayodhya

648. Ravana was the king of which place?

- (a) Kekaya
- (b) Alkapuri
- (c) Lanka
- (d) Mahishmati

Ans: (c) Lanka

649. The *vanar* Bali was the king of which place?

- (a) Mahishmati
- (b) Kishkindha
- (c) Alkapuri
- (d) Ahichchhatra

Ans: (b) Kishkindha

650. Janaka was the king of which place?

- (a) Kekaya
- (b) Alkapuri
- (c) Mithila
- (d) Ayodhya

Ans: (c) Mithila

651. Lava was the king of which place?

- (a) Kekaya
- (b) Kundinpur
- (c) Ahichchhatra
- (d) Shravasti

Ans: (d) Shravasti

652. Kush was the king of which place?

- (a) Kushasthali
- (b) Kaushambi
- (c) Magadh
- (d) Lavapur

Ans: (a) Kushasthali

653. Sahasrarjun was the king of which place?

- (a) Madhupur
- (b) Lanka
- (c) Ayodhya
- (d) Mahishmati

Ans: (d) Mahishmati

654. Nishadraj Guha was the king of which place?

- (a) Chitrakoot
- (b) Shringverpur
- (c) Malayagiri
- (d) Pataliputra

Ans: (b) Shringverpur

655. Who was the king of Alkapuri?

- (a) Maya
- (b) Kuber
- (c) Ravana
- (d) Vibheeshan

Ans: (b) Kuber

656. Puru was the king of which place?

- (a) Kashi
- (b) Mahishmati
- (c) Lanka
- (d) Videh

Ans: (a) Kashi

657. Who was the king of Kampilya?

- (a) Brahmdutt
- (b) Uchchhinna
- (c) Dharmdutt
- (d) Vasudutt

Ans: (a) Brahmdutt

658. King Gaya, who had surrendered to Ravana, was the king of which place?

- (a) Videh
- (b) Kashi
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Kushasthali

Ans: (c) Gaya

659. Lavanaasur was the king of which place?

- (a) Gaya
- (b) Madhupur
- (c) Kashi
- (d) Lanka

Ans: (b) Madhupur

660. Rompad was the king of which place?

- (a) Angadesh
- (b) Kampilya
- (c) Kaushambi
- (d) Lavapur

Ans: (a) Angadesh

661. Ambareesh was the king of which place?

- (a) Lanka
- (b) Gaya
- (c) Ayodhya
- (d) Kashi

Ans: (c) Ayodhya

662. Praaptijna was the king of which place?

- (a) Madhupur
- (b) Magadh
- (c) Kekaya
- (d) Mithila

Ans: (b) Magadh

663. Who among the following was the king of Kaarupath?

- (a) Chandraketu
- (b) Kush
- (c) Angad
- (d) Bharat

Ans: (c) Angad

664. Ashwapati was the king of which place?

- (a) Kekaya
- (b) Gaya
- (c) Magadh
- (d) Lanka

Ans: (a) Kekaya

665. Bhanuman was the king of which place?

- (a) Madhupur
- (b) Mahishmati
- (c) Koshal
- (d) Kishkindha

Ans: (c) Koshal

666. Who became the king of Ayodhya after Shri Rama?

- (a) Lava
- (b) Kush
- (c) Chandraketu
- (d) Angad

Ans: (b) Kush

667. Who was the king of Lanka before Ravana?

- (a) Sahasrabahu Arjun
- (b) Bali
- (c) Kuber
- (d) Maya

Ans: (c) Kuber

668. Who became the king of Lanka after Ravana?

- (a) Malyavan
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Kuber

Ans: (b) Vibheeshan

669. Who became the king of Kishkindha after Bali's death?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Neel

Ans: (b) Sugreeva

670. After Sugreeva who became the king of Kishkindha?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Shatrughna
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Bali

Ans: (a) Angad

671. Who became the king of Madhupur after Lavanaasur's death?

- (a) Vibheeshan
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Shatrughna

Ans: (d) Shatrughna

672. When Shri Rama became the king of Ayodhya who became the crown prince?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Lava

Ans: (b) Bharat

PARTIAL INCARNATIONS

673. Shri Rama was the incarnation of—

- (a) Indra
- (b) Surya
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (c) Vishnu

674. Sita was the incarnation of whom?

- (a) Sati
- (b) Laxmi
- (c) Saraswati
- (d) Shakti

Ans: (b) Laxmi

675. Ravana was the incarnation of whom?

- (a) Hiranyakshipu
- (b) Balandhar
- (c) Bhasmaasur
- (d) Pulastya

Ans: (a) Hiranyakshipu

676. Lakshman was the incarnation of—

- (a) Shesh
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Agni
- (d) Surya

Ans: (a) Shesh

677. Hanuman was born from a part of whom?

- (a) Dharma
- (b) Vayudev
- (c) Ashwinikumar
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (b) Vayudev

678. How much part of Vishnu was there in Shri Rama?

- (a) Full
- (b) Half
- (c) One-third
- (d) One-fourth

Ans: (b) Half

679. How much part of Vishnu was there in Lakshman?

- (a) One-fourth
- (b) Half
- (c) One-eighth
- (d) One-third

Ans: (c) One-eighth

680. How much part of Vishnu was there in Shatrughna?

- (a) One-eighth
- (b) One-third
- (c) One-fourth
- (d) Half

Ans: (a) One-eighth

681. Bharat had one-fourth of which deity in him?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Vayudev

Ans: (c) Vishnu

682. Angad was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Brihaspati
- (b) Agni
- (c) Vishwakarma
- (d) Varun

Ans: (a) Brihaspati

683. King Dasharath was the incarnation of whom?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Varun
- (c) Dharma
- (d) Swayambhuv Manu

Ans: (d) Swayambhuv Manu

684. Bali was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Surya
- (b) Indra
- (c) Dharma
- (d) Vayudev

Ans: (b) Indra

685. Sugreeva was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Surya
- (b) Vayudev
- (c) Indra
- (d) Dharma

Ans: (a) Surya

686. Kapil Muni was the partial incarnation of whom?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Mahesh
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Indra

Ans: (c) Vishnu

687. Maharshi Parashurama was the partial incarnation of whom?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Varun
- (d) Agni

Ans: (a) Vishnu

688. *Vanar* company commander Shwet was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Agni
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Surya

Ans: (d) Surya

689. *Vanar* Kesari was born out of the part of whom?

- (a) Surya
- (b) Vayudev
- (c) Brihaspati
- (d) Agni

Ans: (c) Brihaspati

690. *Vanar* Sushen was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Varun
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Indra

Ans: (a) Varun

691. *Vanar* company commander Dadhimukh had a part of whom in him?

- (a) Varun
- (b) Indra
- (c) Surya
- (d) Chandrama

Ans: (d) Chandrama

692. *Vanar* Maind was born from a part of whom?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Ashwinikumar
- (c) Surya
- (d) Indra

Ans: (b) Ashwinikumar

693. Who produced the *Vanar* Gandhmadan from a part of his own hair?

- (a) Kuber
- (b) Varun
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Chandrama

Ans: (a) Kuber

694. *Vanar* company commander Dvidid was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Ashwinikumar
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Vayudev
- (d) Dharma

Ans: (a) Ashwinikumar

695. *Vanar* company commander Tar was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Chandrama
- (c) Brihaspati
- (d) Surya

Ans: (c) Brihaspati

696. *Vanar* company commander Jyotirmukh was born from a part of which deity?

- (a) Agni
- (b) Surya
- (c) Vayudev
- (d) Shani

Ans: (b) Surya

697. *Vanars* Gaja, Gavaksh and Gavaya were born from whose part?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Brihaspati
- (c) Yamaraj
- (d) Vayudev

Ans: (c) Yamaraj

698. *Vanar* Vegdarshee was a part of whom?

- (a) Mrityu
- (b) Varun
- (c) Agni
- (d) Indra

Ans: (a) Mrityu

699. The *vanar* Hemkoot was born from the part of whom?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Vayudev
- (c) Brihaspati
- (d) Varun

Ans: (d) Varun

13

OUT OF THESE

700. Out of the following who constructed the bridge for Shri Rama to reach Lanka?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Angad
- (c) Nal
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (c) Nal

701. Out of the following who could not defeat Ravana?

- (a) Bali
- (b) Sahasrarjun
- (c) Rama
- (d) Kuber

Ans: (d) Kuber

702. Out of the following who helped King Dasharath perform the *Putrayeshthi yajna*?

- (a) Rishyashring
- (b) Bharadwaj
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Atri

Ans: (a) Rishyashring

703. Name the *Rishi* who was King Dasharath's mentor and minister?

- (a) Jaabaali
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Bharadwaj
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (a) Jaabaali

704. When Lanka was burnt whose palace was the only one spared?

- (a) Sushen
- (b) Kumbhakarn
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Prahast

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

705. Who among the following was considered to have an infinite life?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (b) Hanuman

706. Who among the following was considered not to have a long life?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Angad
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (c) Angad

707. Name the person who was banished and insulted by Ravana?

- (a) Praghas
- (b) Prahast
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Maareech

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

708. Name the person who disguised himself as a monkey and joined Shri Rama's *vanar* army to spy on him?

- (a) Prahasta
- (b) Aksha
- (c) Nikumbha
- (d) Saran

Ans: (d) Saran

709. Who among the following went as Shri Rama's messenger to Lanka?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Angad
- (d) Nal

Ans: (c) Angad

710. Who among the following was a jester and lived with Shri Rama to entertain him?

- (a) Dvivid
- (b) Maind
- (c) Suraji
- (d) Tar

Ans: (c) Suraji

711. Out of the following who dared to catch the horse of Shri Rama's *Ashwamedh yajna*?

- (a) Lava
- (b) Lavanaasur
- (c) Meghnad
- (d) Subahu

Ans: (a) Lava

712. With whom did Vishwamitra fight a terrible battle?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Agastya
- (c) Atri
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (a) Vasishtha

713. Name the *Rishi* who while staying with one body in Ayodhya stayed with another body in the *saptarshi*?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Bharadwaj
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (c) Vasishtha

714. Out of these pairs who had the same mother?

- (a) Rama-Lakshman
- (b) Bharat-Shatrughna
- (c) Rama-Bharat
- (d) Lakshman-Shatrughna

Ans: (d) Lakshman-Shatrughna

715. Out of the following who were twins?

- (a) Rama-Lakshman
- (b) Bharat-Shatrughna
- (c) Ravana-Ahiravana
- (d) Lava-Kush

Ans: (d) Lava-Kush

716. Who among the following remained unmarried?

- (a) Janaka
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Shatrughna

Ans: (b) Hanuman

717. Who was the brother of Jatayu?

- (a) Sampati
- (b) Garuda
- (c) Vasuki
- (d) Makaraksha

Ans: (a) Sampati

718. Who informed Shri Rama about Sita's abduction?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Jatayu
- (c) Angad
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (b) Jatayu

719. Who offered already tasted plums to Shri Rama?

- (a) Ahalya
- (b) Anasooya
- (c) Shabari
- (d) Trijata

Ans: (c) Shabari

720. Who is known as *Aadi Kavi*?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Bhavabhooti
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Tulsidas

Ans: (a) Valmeeki

721. Who is known as *Dashanan*?

- (a) Meghnad
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) Ravana

Ans: (d) Ravana

722. Who was *Ayonija*?

- (a) Kaushalya
- (b) Sita
- (c) Ahalya
- (d) Sulochna

Ans: (b) Sita

723. Who was called *Videh*?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Janaka
- (d) Shatrughna

Ans: (c) Janaka

724. To whom Maharshi Vishwamitra's sister was married?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Richeek
- (c) Atri
- (d) Bharadwaj

Ans: (b) Richeek

725. Who brought Ganga down to earth?

- (a) Anshuman
- (b) Sagar
- (c) Asamanja
- (d) Bhageerath

Ans: (d) Bhageerath

726. Who among the following was King Dasharath's minister?

- (a) Sanjay
- (b) Akop
- (c) Shatananda

(d) Sugreeva

Ans: (b) Akop

727. Who was the army commander of the deities?

(a) Ganesha

(b) Arjun

(c) Bhageerath

(d) Kaartikeya

Ans: (d) Kaartikeya

728. Name the she demon who had foreseen destruction of the demons and Shri Rama's victory?

(a) Trijata

(b) Surasa

(c) Taraka

(d) Pootana

Ans: (a) Trijata

729. Whom did the demons punish by setting fire to his tail?

(a) Angad

(b) Sugreeva

(c) Nal

(d) Hanuman

Ans: (d) Hanuman

730. Who made the bow called *Vaishnav*?

(a) Vishwakarma

(b) Maya

(c) Indra

(d) Shiva

Ans: (a) Vishwakarma

731. Who made the bow of Shiva?

(a) Yaajnavalkya

(b) Parashurama

(c) Vishwakarma

(d) Janaka

Ans: (c) Vishwakarma

732. Who composed *Shri Ramcharitmanas*?

(a) Valmeeki

(b) Tulsidas

(c) Bhavabhooti

(d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (b) Tulsidas

733. Lakshman chopped off the nose and ears of whom?

(a) Lankini

(b) Ayomukhi

- (c) Pragmaha
- (d) Trijata

Ans: (b) Ayomukhi

734. Lakshman did not chop off the nose and ears of —

- (a) Ayomukhi
- (b) Taraka
- (c) Trijata
- (d) Shoorpnakha

Ans: (c) Trijata

735. Who was the mother of thirty three *vaidik* deities?

- (a) Shataroopa
- (b) Aditi
- (c) Arundhati
- (d) Shachi

Ans: (b) Aditi

736. Who wore gloves made from the skin of a *goh* (mountain lizard) while fighting?

- (a) Meghnad
- (b) Prahast
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Bali

Ans: (a) Meghnad

737. Who were the two brothers who looked alike?

- (a) Rama-Lakshman
- (b) Bali-Sugreeva
- (c) Khar-Dooshan
- (d) Bharat-Shatrughna

Ans: (b) Bali-Sugreeva

738. Who was named *Vaishravan*?

- (a) Kuber
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (a) Kuber

739. On whose back did Shri Rama mount to fight Ravana?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Nal
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Neel

Ans: (c) Hanuman

740. Who was called *Sindhuja*?

- (a) Laxmi

- (b) Sita
- (c) Mandodari
- (d) Rooma

Ans: (a) Laxmi

741. Which *stotra* did Ravana compose?

- (a) Mahimna stotra
- (b) Ramaraksha stotra
- (c) Shivatandav stotra
- (d) Vishnu Mahimna stotra

Ans: (c) Shivatandav stotra

742. Who was named *Ekakshpingali*?

- (a) Kuber
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Shatrughna

Ans: (a) Kuber

743. Who accompanied King Dasharath during the *devaasur* battle?

- (a) Kaushalya
- (b) Sumitra
- (c) Kaikeyi
- (d) Manthara

Ans: (c) Kaikeyi

744. Who is known as *Bajrangbali*?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (d) Hanuman

745. Who is called *Mahadev*?

- (a) Ganesha
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (b) Shiva

746. Whose minister was Plaksh?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Janaka
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (d) Sugreeva

747. Name the *Rishi* who is always holding a *veena*?

- (a) Yajñavalkya
- (b) Naarad
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Dhaumya

Ans: (b) Naarad

748. Who is famous for chanting *Narayan-Narayan*?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Gautam
- (c) Naarad
- (d) Durvasa

Ans: (c) Naarad

749. Who asked Maharshi Valmiki to write the *Ramayana*?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Naarad

Ans: (d) Naarad

750. To whom did Ravana pray?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Indra
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (a) Shiva

751. Who is an incarnation of Vishnu?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (c) Parashurama

752. Whose name is *Girija*?

- (a) Sita
- (b) Parvati
- (c) Mandodari
- (d) Sulochna

Ans: (b) Parvati

753. Who composed the *Gayatri Mantra*?

- (a) Valmiki
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Bharadwaj
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (d) Vishwamitra

754. Who was the commander of the *Reechh*'s?

- (a) Dhoomra
- (b) Dhoomraksh
- (c) Dhoomraketu
- (d) Dhoomrasen

Ans: (a) Dhoomra

755. Who is revered in *Ramaraksha stotra*?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Ganesha
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (b) Shri Rama

756. Which of the following is the carrier (*vahan*) of Vishnu?

- (a) *Ullu* (owl)
- (b) *Hiran* (deer)
- (c) *Garud*
- (d) *Nandi* (bull)

Ans: (c) Garud

757. Which of the following is the carrier (*vahan*) of Shiva?

- (a) *Chuha* (mouse)
- (b) *Nandi* (bull)
- (c) *Mayur* (Peacock)
- (d) *Tota* (Parrot)

Ans: (b) Nandi

758. Whose carrier (*vahan*) is the male buffalo (*Mahish*)?

- (a) Yamaraj
- (b) Varun
- (c) Surya
- (d) Vayu

Ans: (a) Yamaraj

759. Whose carrier (*vahan*) is swan?

- (a) Laxmi
- (b) Saraswati
- (c) Vishnu
- (d) Indra

Ans: (b) Saraswati

760. Whose carrier (*vahan*) is the owl?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Laxmi
- (c) Varun
- (d) Shani

Ans: (b) Laxmi

761. Which of the following is the carrier (*vahan*) of Kaartikeya?

- (a) *Mayur* (peacock)
- (b) *Chuha* (rat)
- (c) *Nandi* (bull)
- (d) *Garud*

Ans: (a) Mayur

762. Who is the *vahan* of Kamdev?

- (a) *Hiran* (Dear)
- (b) *Mayur* (peacock)
- (c) *Kapota* (Pigeon)
- (d) *Shuk* (Parrot)

Ans: (d) Shuka

763. Who amongst the following is not considered amongst the *saptarshis*?

- (a) Jamdagni
- (b) Yaaajnavalkya
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Kashyap

Ans: (b) Yaaajnavalkya

764. Who is considered as the part of *aadi rakshases*?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Sund
- (c) Hiranyakashipu
- (d) Heti

Ans: (d) Heti

765. Who amongst the following was asked to think of a way to kill Ravana?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Indra
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Naarad

Ans: (a) Vishnu

766. Whose minister was Rashtrawardhan?

- (a) Vibheeshan
- (b) Janaka
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Ravana

Ans: (c) Dasharath

767. Who introduced the epic *Ramayana* to Lava-Kush?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Yaaajnavalkya
- (c) Valmeeki
- (d) Vasishtha

Ans: (c) Valmeeki

768. On his way to heavenly abode whom did Shri Rama ask to stay on earth?

- (a) Maind
- (b) Nal
- (c) Jaambavan
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (c) Jaambavan

769. Brahma was born from the bellybutton of whom?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Aditi
- (d) Laxmi

Ans: (b) Vishnu

770. Out of these deity who is known for the making of the universe?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (c) Brahma

771. Out of the following demons which one was very religious?

- (a) Mahodar
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) Dooshan

Ans: (b) Vibheeshan

772. Out of the following which god fed Sitaji *havishyaanna* in Lanka?

- (a) Shani
- (b) Surya
- (c) Varun
- (d) Indra

Ans: (d) Indra

773. Who was Jaambavan's brother?

- (a) Vajra
- (b) Jrimbh
- (c) Dhoomra
- (d) Prahast

Ans: (c) Dhoomra

774. Who is present in the sixth universe?

- (a) Garud
- (b) Kuber
- (c) Kamdev
- (d) Yama

Ans: (a) Garud

775. Out of these deities who was Ravana's brother?

- (a) Varun
- (b) Vayu
- (c) Kuber
- (d) Yama

Ans: (c) Kuber

776. Whom did Rama tell that he would live till the end of *kaliyug*?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Dvidid
- (c) Nal
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (b) Dvidid

777. Which deity has four mouths?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (d) Brahma

778. Which deity has three eyes?

- (a) Shiva
- (b) Vayu
- (c) Agni
- (d) Surya

Ans: (a) Shiva

779. Name the two brothers who were enemies?

- (a) Ravana-Kumbhakarn
- (b) Bali-Sugreeva
- (c) Khar-Dooshan
- (d) Jatayu-Sampati

Ans: (b) Bali-Sugreeva

780. Who was known as *Sati*?

- (a) Ahalya
- (b) Mandodari
- (c) Shrutkeerti
- (d) Sulochna

Ans: (d) Sulochna

781. Who is known as *Panktirath*?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Janaka
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Vibheeshan

Ans: (a) Dasharath

782. Out of the following who is counted amongst the *panch kanyas*?

- (a) Sulochna
- (b) Rooma
- (c) Mandodari
- (d) Urmila

Ans: (c) Mandodari

783. Out of the following who in her next life was born as Sita?

- (a) Hema
- (b) Vedwati
- (c) Arundhati
- (d) Anasooya

Ans: (b) Vedwati

784. Who is also known as *Mahendra*?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Indra
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (c) Indra

785. Who among the following had to prove her chastity by giving an *agnipariksha*?

- (a) Sulochna
- (b) Mandodari
- (c) Ahalya
- (d) Sita

Ans: (d) Sita

786. Out of these *Rishis* who could recreate the universe?

- (a) Dhaumya
- (b) Jaabaali
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Durvasa

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

787. Out of the following which brothers got married at the same time?

- (a) Rama-Lakshman
- (b) Bharat-Shatrughna
- (c) Rama-Bharat
- (d) All the four brothers

Ans: (d) All the four brothers

788. On the advise of which *Rishi* did King Dasharath perform a *Putrayeshti yajna*?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Yaajnavalkya
- (d) Atri

Ans: (a) Vasishtha

789. Who was also called *Naagmata*?

- (a) Surasa
- (b) Singhika
- (c) Trijata
- (d) Mandodari

Ans: (a) Surasa

790. Who among the following was related to Suryavansh?

- (a) Janaka
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Sahasrarjun

Ans: (c) Dasharath

791. Name the king who became a planet in the sky?

- (a) Trishanku
- (b) Dasharath
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Anshuman

Ans: (a) Trishanku

792. Out of these which name belonged to both Ravana's brother and son?

- (a) T Rishira
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Dooshan
- (d) Akshkumar

Ans: (a) Trishira

793. Who was also called *Upendra*?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (b) Lakshman

794. Name the *maha aushadhi* which helps in healing and filling up the wounds?

- (a) Savarnyakarni
- (b) Vishalyakarni
- (c) Sanjeevakarni
- (d) Sandhani

Ans: (b) Vishalyakarni

795. Which *maha aushadhi* brings back life in the wounded person's body?

- (a) Sanjeevakarni
- (b) Sandhani
- (c) Savarnyakarni
- (d) Vishalyakarni

Ans: (c) Savarnyakarni

796. Which *maha aushadhi* removes unconsciousness and makes a man conscious?

- (a) Vishalyakarni
- (b) Savarnyakarni
- (c) Sandhani
- (d) Sanjeevakarni

Ans: (d) Sanjeevakarni

797. Name the *maha aushadhi* which is used to heal the broken bones?

- (a) Sandhani
- (b) Vishalyakarni
- (c) Sanjeevakarni
- (d) Savarnyakarni

Ans: (a) Sandhani

798. Out of these whom did Shri Rama renunciation?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Lava
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (d) Lakshman

799. Which two brothers were masters of *Gandharva vidya* (music)?

- (a) Rama-Lakshman
- (b) Bali-Sugreeva
- (c) Lava-Kush
- (d) Nal-Neel

Ans: (c) Lava-Kush

800. Who among the following was the *Vanarraj*?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Nal
- (d) Maind

Ans: (a) Sugreeva

801. Who was the *Griddharaj*?

- (a) Jatayu
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Dvivid
- (d) Guha

Ans: (a) Jatayu

802. Who was *Nishaadraj*?

- (a) Gaya
- (b) Sumantra
- (c) Guha
- (d) Sampati

Ans: (c) Guha

803. Who was the daughter of *Gandharvaraj* Shailoosh?

- (a) Taraka
- (b) Lankini
- (c) Praghasa
- (d) Sarama

Ans: (d) Sarama



14
MISCELLANEOUS

804. Who wrote the *Ramayana*?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Valmeeki
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (b) Valmeeki

805. In which language has the *Valmeeki Ramayana* been written?

- (a) Awadhi
- (b) Sanskrit
- (c) Bhojpuri
- (d) Braj

Ans: (b) Sanskrit

806. Who accompanied Shri Rama, Sita and Lakshman up to the borders of Ayodhya when they left for the forest?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Sumantra
- (d) Guha

Ans: (c) Sumantra

807. What was given by Shri Rama to Hanuman as an identification for Sita?

- (a) *Bhujbandh* (armlet)
- (b) *Pushp* (flower)
- (c) *Khadaun* (Slipper)
- (d) *Mudrika* (ring)

Ans: (d) Mudrika

808. Who told Shri Rama about *amrit* in Ravana's bellybutton which enabled Shri Rama to kill him?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Sushen
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Kumbhakarn

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

809. While Hanuman was on his way to fetch the *Sanjeevani booti* who hurt him with an arrow?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Meghnad
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Ravana

Ans: (c) Bharat

810. After Sita's abduction when Shri Rama and Lakshman were searching for her who met them, impersonating Sita, on the way?

- (a) Sati
- (b) Anasooya
- (c) Arundhati
- (d) Shoorpnakha

Ans: (a) Sati

811. Name the *Rishi* who tried to dissuade Shri Rama from going to the forest?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Atri
- (c) Bharadwaj
- (d) Jaabaali

Ans: (d) Jaabaali

812. Whom did Shoorpnakha approach first after her nose and ears were chopped off?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) Khar

Ans: (d) Khar

813. Whom did Shri Rama and Sita donate all their valuable clothes and jewels while leaving for the forest?

- (a) Upayaaj
- (b) Yaaj
- (c) Suyajna
- (d) Aruni

Ans: (c) Suyajna

814. The chariot on which Shri Rama sat and fought with Ravana was sent by whom?

- (a) Vayu
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Indra
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (c) Indra

815. While fighting with Ravana who was Shri Rama's charioteer?

- (a) Bharat
- (b) Angad
- (c) Maatali
- (d) Vibheeshan

Ans: (c) Maatali

816. Who performed the last rites of Ravana?

- (a) Khar

- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Dooshan
- (d) Kumbhakarn

Ans: (b) Vibheeshan

817. Who gave the news of Shri Rama's return from the forest to Bharat?

- (a) Angad
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Nal
- (d) Vinat

Ans: (b) Hanuman

818. Which goddess came on the tongue of Kumbhakarn when he was asking for a boon from Brahma?

- (a) Durga
- (b) Saraswati
- (c) Laxmi
- (d) Parvati

Ans: (b) Saraswati

819. Whom did Shri Rama pray before building a bridge to reach Lanka?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Varun

Ans: (c) Shiva

820. On which day did Shri Rama become victorious over Ravana?

- (a) Navami
- (b) Dashami
- (c) Ekadashi
- (d) Dwadashi

Ans: (b) Dashami

821. Who was the senior most queen of King Dasharath?

- (a) Kaikeyi
- (b) Sumitra
- (c) Kaushalya
- (d) None of these

Ans: (c) Kaushalya

822. Who challenged Ravana when he was abducting Sita?

- (a) Jatayu
- (b) Sampati
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Angad

Ans: (a) Jatayu

823. Who burnt Lanka?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Angad
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (a) Hanuman

824. Name the *Rishi* who had asked for and taken Rama and Lakshman to guard the *yajnas* against the demons?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Galav
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (a) Vishwamitra

825. Who was the state priest of Ayodhya?

- (a) Parashurama
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (c) Vasishtha

826. What was the condition for Sita's *swayamvar*?

- (a) Lifting of the Shiva Dhanush (bow)
- (b) Breaking of the Shiva Dhanush (bow)
- (c) To defeat Sitaji
- (d) To defeat Janaka

Ans: (a) Lifting of the Shiva Dhanush

827. Who went to Lanka and searched for Sitaji?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Angad
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jatayu

Ans: (a) Hanuman

828. Who taught Shri Rama, Bharat, Lakshman and Shatrughna in Ayodhya about arms and weapons?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Valmeeki

Ans: (a) Vishwamitra

829. Dasharath belonged to which lineage?

- (a) Yaduvansh
- (b) Kuruvansh
- (c) Puruvansh

(d) Raghuvansh

Ans: (d) Raghuvansh

830. On which day Shri Rama was born?

- (a) Saptami
- (b) Ashtami
- (c) Navami
- (d) Dashami

Ans: (c) Navami

831. Out of Shri Rama, Lakshman, Bharat and Shatrughna who was known for his hot temper?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Rama
- (d) Bharat

Ans: (b) Lakshman

832. To whom the bow belonged which was used for Sita *swayamvar*?

- (a) Parashurama
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Janaka
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (b) Shiva

833. Name the *Rishi* who lost his temper to Shri Rama and Lakshman during Sita *swayamvar*?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Valmeeki
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (d) Parashurama

834. Who was the mentor of Lava-Kush?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Kanva
- (d) Vasishtha

Ans: (a) Valmeeki

835. In Ashok Vatika what did Sitaji give as an identification to Hanuman?

- (a) *Choodamani* (crown)
- (b) *Mudrika* (ring)
- (c) *Pushp* (flower)
- (d) *Swarn-mudra* (gold coins)

Ans: (a) Choodamani

836. In which lineage Maharshi Valmeeki was born?

- (a) Ikshwaku
- (b) Bhrigu

- (c) Chandra
- (d) Kuru

Ans: (b) Bhrigu

837. How was Trijata related to Vibheeshan?

- (a) *Bua* (Father's sister)
- (b) *Nani* (Grandmother)
- (c) *Chachi* (Aunt)
- (d) Sister

Ans: (d) Sister

838. Who constructed Lanka?

- (a) Vishwakarma
- (b) Ravana
- (c) Kuber
- (d) Sumali

Ans: (a) Vishwakarma

839. Who had gone to the forest to persuade Shri Rama to return to Ayodhya?

- (a) Janaka
- (b) Sumantra
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (d) Dasharath

840. Until the return of Shri Rama which souvenir Bharat used to govern Ayodhya?

- (a) *Mudrika* (ring)
- (b) *Pitambar* (scarf)
- (c) *Rajmukut* (crown)
- (d) *Kharaoon* (slipper)

Ans: (d) Kharaoon

841. On his way to Lanka which mountain welcomed Hanuman on the way?

- (a) Sumeru
- (b) Mainak
- (c) Mandarachal
- (d) Kishkindha

Ans: (b) Mainak

842. What did the three queens of Dasharath eat to get pregnant?

- (a) Jambu phal
- (b) Kadali phal
- (c) Charu
- (d) Narikel

Ans: (c) Charu

843. Who taught Shri Rama and Lakshman about *bala* and *atibala* knowledge?

- (a) Naarad

- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Bharadwaj

Ans: (b) Vishwamitra

844. Who protected Shunahshepa?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Ambareesh
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Trishanku

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

845. Which post Siddharth held in Ayodhya?

- (a) Mantri (Minister)
- (b) Mahamatya (Prime Minister)
- (c) Guptchar Pramukh (Head of Intelligence)
- (d) Sena Pramukh (Head of the Army)

Ans: (a) Minister

846. Who was the charioteer of King Dasharath?

- (a) Adhirath
- (b) Sumantra
- (c) Shardool
- (d) Sanjay

Ans: (b) Sumantra

847. In what guise Ravana came to abduct Sita?

- (a) *Devta* (deity)
- (b) *Rakshas* (demon)
- (c) *Sadhu* (hermit)
- (d) *Raja* (king)

Ans: (c) Sadhu (hermit)

848. Which queen of King Dasharath participated in battles with him?

- (a) Kaikeyi
- (b) Kaushalya
- (c) Sumitra
- (d) No one

Ans: (a) Kaikeyi

849. Because of whose curse did the daughters of Kushnabh become hunchbacked?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Chandrama
- (c) Vayu
- (d) Surya

Ans: (c) Vayu

850. When Shri Rama and others reached Shringverpur who welcomed them?

- (a) Gaya
- (b) Guha
- (c) Praptijna
- (d) Sugreeva

Ans: (b) Guha

851. How were Shri Rama, Sita and Lakshman dressed when they left for the forest?

- (a) Like *sadhus*
- (b) Like forest-dwellers
- (c) Like royalty
- (d) Like *tapaswis*

Ans: (d) Like Tapaswi

852. In *Ramayana* which *kand* follows Kishkindhakand?

- (a) Aranyakand
- (b) Lankakand
- (c) Sundarkand
- (d) Ayodhyakand

Ans: (c) Sundarkand

853. Which demon gave Ravana the advice to abduct Sita?

- (a) Maareech
- (b) Akampan
- (c) Dooshan
- (d) Subahu

Ans: (b) Akampan

854. Who else accompanied Shri Rama and Sita to the forest?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Bharat
- (d) Dasharath

Ans: (b) Lakshman

855. How did the wings of Sampati, the vulture, get burnt?

- (a) Because of the strong rays of the sun
- (b) Because of catching fire
- (c) Because Ravana cut them off
- (d) Because *Rishis* cursed him

Ans: (a) Because of the strong rays of the sun

856. Who was Prahast?

- (a) Ravana's spy
- (b) Shri Rama's minister
- (c) Dasharath's spy
- (d) Ravana's army commander

Ans: (d) Ravana's army commander

857. Which post in Lanka did Mahodar, Prahast, Dhoomraksh, Maareech, Shuk and Saran hold?

- (a) Prime Minister
- (b) Charioteer
- (c) Spy
- (d) Army commanders

Ans: (a) Prime Minister

858. Who had built bridge over the sea for going to Lanka?

- (a) Nal
- (b) Angad
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (a) Nal

859. Name the *Maharshi* who was the mentor of Rishi Bharadwaj?

- (a) Parashurama
- (b) Vedvyas
- (c) Valmeeki
- (d) Yaajnavalkya

Ans: (c) Valmeeki

860. Name the she-demon who was sent by the deities to test the strength of Hanuman on his way to Lanka?

- (a) Ekjata
- (b) Praghosa
- (c) Surasa
- (d) Trijata

Ans: (c) Surasa

861. Who among the following demons tried to disturb Sita by showing her the illusion of chopped head of Shri Rama?

- (a) Viddujjihva
- (b) Nikumbh
- (c) Subahu
- (d) Prahast

Ans: (a) Viddujjihva

862. Who among the following *Rishis* was accompanying Shri Rama and Lakshman when they were going to Sita's *swayamvar*?

- (a) Parashurama
- (b) Chyavan
- (c) Vishwamitra
- (d) Vasishtha

Ans: (c) Vishwamitra

863. Who wrote *Ramaraksha stotra*?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Vasishtha

- (c) Jaabaali
- (d) Atri

Ans: (a) Vishwamitra

864. In the war between Tarkaasur and the deities who was the commander-in-chief of the deities army?

- (a) Kaartikeya
- (b) Jayant
- (c) Indra
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (a) Kaartikeya

865. Who was the deities doctor?

- (a) Kuber
- (b) Dhanwantari
- (c) Sushruta
- (d) Ashwinikumar

Ans: (d) Ashwinikumar

866. Who made the *Pushpak Viman*?

- (a) Kuber
- (b) Maya
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Vishwakarma

Ans: (d) Vishwakarma

867. What was the complexion of Ravana?

- (a) Neel (blue)
- (b) Gaur (fair)
- (c) Rakta (red)
- (d) Krishna (black)

Ans: (d) Krishna (black)

868. What was the complexion of Shri Rama?

- (a) Neel (blue)
- (b) Rakta (red)
- (c) Gaur (fair)
- (d) Peet (yellow)

Ans: (a) Neel (blue)

869. What was Lakshman's colour?

- (a) Peet (yellow)
- (b) Neel (blue)
- (c) Gaur (fair)
- (d) Rakta (red)

Ans: (c) Gaur (fair)

870. What was Bharat's colour?

- (a) Rakta (red)
- (b) Gaur (fair)
- (c) Neel (blue)
- (d) Peet (yellow)

Ans: (c) Neel (blue)

871. Who went to leave Sita in the forest on the orders of Shri Rama?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Shatrughna
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Bharat

Ans: (a) Lakshman

872. Who was the mentor of the deities?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Brihaspati
- (c) Indra
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (b) Brihaspati

873. Who was the mentor of the demons?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Shukracharya
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (c) Shukracharya

874. Name the *Maharshi* who acted as mediator to establish peace between Ravana and Maandhata?

- (a) Jaabaali
- (b) Parashurama
- (c) Galav
- (d) Vasishtha

Ans: (c) Galav

875. Gaadhi was born by the performance of which *yajna*?

- (a) Rajsooya
- (b) Vaishnav
- (c) Ashwamedh
- (d) Putrayeshti

Ans: (d) Putrayeshti

876. Who rescued Shri Rama and Lakshman when they got tied up by the *Naagpash* thrown by Meghnad?

- (a) Garud
- (b) Hanuman
- (c) Angad
- (d) Indra

Ans: (a) Garud

877. From whose womb was Vishnu born in his incarnation as Vaamana?

- (a) Kadru
- (b) Aditi
- (c) Vinata
- (d) Sharmishtha

Ans: (b) Aditi

878. Who among the following was younger to Shri Rama?

- (a) Bharat
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) No one

Ans: (a) Bharat

879. From where *mlechchhas* were born?

- (a) Brahma's eyes
- (b) Shiva's matted hair
- (c) Vishnu's thumb
- (d) Kamdhenu's body pores

Ans: (d) Kamdhenu's body pores

880. Who presented Hanuman for the first time in front of Ravana?

- (a) Meghnad
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Akshkumar
- (d) Kumbhakarn

Ans: (a) Meghnad

881. In the *Rikshbil* (cave) who met Hanuman-Angad etc.?

- (a) Surasa
- (b) Lankini
- (c) Swayamprabha
- (d) Ahalya

Ans: (c) Swayamprabha

882. During his stay in the forest who washed the feet of Shri Rama near Shringverpur?

- (a) Shabari
- (b) Ahalya
- (c) Kewat
- (d) Sati

Ans: (c) Kewat

883. Name the deity who is revered in the *Gayatri Mantra*?

- (a) Surya
- (b) Varun
- (c) Agni

(d) Yama

Ans: (a) Surya

884. In Panchvati who drew the *Lakshman rekha* in front of Sita's hut?

(a) Shri Rama

(b) Bharat

(c) Hanuman

(d) Lakshman

Ans: (d) Lakshman

885. Name the *Rishi* who prayed by chanting *mara-mara*?

(a) Yaajnavalkya

(b) Durvasa

(c) Valmeeki

(d) Bharadwaj

Ans: (c) Valmeeki

886. What were the elephants of the *lokpals* called?

(a) Viroopaksh

(b) Diggaj

(c) Kuvalayapeed

(d) Shatrunjaya

Ans: (b) Diggaj

887. To whom did Dasharath give his daughter for adoption?

(a) Janaka

(b) Gaya

(c) Rompad

(d) Vasudan

Ans: (c) Rompad

888. When Shri Rama killed the golden deer with his arrow what was the cry which emerged from the deer's mouth?

(a) He Rama!

(b) Ha Lakshman!

(c) He Bhagwan!

(d) Bachao!

Ans: (b) Ha Lakshman!

889. What is the name of the minister of Bharat who went to welcome Rama on his return to Ayodhya?

(a) Vasudbhava

(b) Shatananda

(c) Arthasadhak

(d) Saujanya

Ans: (c) Arthasadhak

890. Who recited the *Ramakatha* to Maharshi Valmeeki?

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Naarad
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Shiva

Ans: (b) Naarad

891. From where did Shri Rama learn the martial art named *Rabhas*?

- (a) Atri
- (b) Yaajnavalkya
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (d) Vishwamitra

892. How much portion of the *prasad* in the earthen vessel given by the man who emerged from the *yajna* did Dasharath give to Kaushalya?

- (a) Two-thirds
- (b) Half
- (c) One-third
- (d) Three-fourths

Ans: (b) Half

893. How much portion of the *prasad* in the earthen vessel given by the man who emerged from the *yajna* did Dasharath give to Kaikeyi?

- (a) One-third
- (b) One-fourth
- (c) Half
- (d) One-eighth

Ans: (b) One-fourth

894. Sumitra got what portion of the *Prasad* in the earthen vessel given by the man who emerged from the *yajna*?

- (a) Half
- (b) One-third
- (c) One-eighth
- (d) One-fourth

Ans: (d) One-fourth

895. Who were Kakbhushundi in their previous birth?

- (a) Brahmin
- (b) Kshatriya
- (c) Vaishya
- (d) Shoodra

Ans: (a) Brahmin

896. The story of Shri Rama's stay in the jungle comes under which portion of *Ramayana*?

- (a) Uttarkand
- (b) Aranyakand
- (c) Kishkindhakand

(d) Balkand

Ans: (b) Aranyakand

897. What was Taraka before she become a demon?

- (a) Gandharvi
- (b) Yakshini
- (c) Danavi
- (d) Devi (goddess)

Ans: (b) Yakshini

898. Which mountain is known as *Sanabh*?

- (a) Mahendra
- (b) Kailas
- (c) Mainak
- (d) Kishkindha

Ans: (c) Mainak

899. Name the *Rishi* who testified to the purity of Sita?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Bharadwaj
- (d) Parashurama

Ans: (a) Valmeeki

900. Who was Ravana-brothers youngest brother?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Kumbhakarn
- (d) None

Ans: (b) Vibheeshan

901. Who was Shri Rama's youngest brother?

- (a) Rama
- (b) Lakshman
- (c) Shatrughna
- (d) Bharat

Ans: (c) Shatrughna

902. Who sang the *Ramayana* in Shri Rama's court?

- (a) Lava-Kush
- (b) Naarad
- (c) Valmeeki
- (d) Jaabaali

Ans: (a) Lava-Kush

903. To which cast Kaikeyi belonged?

- (a) Kshatriya
- (b) Brahmin

- (c) Vaishya
- (d) Shoodra

Ans: (a) Kshatriya

904. Who is the main hero of *Ramayana*?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Janaka
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (c) Shri Rama

905. When Shri Rama, Sita and Lakshman were entering Panchvati who else was with them?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Jatayu
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (b) Jatayu

906. Who had given Kuber the *Pushpak Viman*?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Surya
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (d) Brahma

907. Who established the Shoorsen Janpad?

- (a) Shatrughna
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Shri Rama
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (a) Shatrughna

908. What thing Sita gave to boater which he refused?

- (a) *Mudrika* (ring)
- (b) *Vastra* (clothes)
- (c) *Dhan* (money)
- (d) *Swarn-mudra* (gold coin)

Ans: (a) Mudrika (ring)

909. Who wrote the *Barvai Ramayana*?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Vishwamitra
- (c) Vasishtha
- (d) Tulsidas

Ans: (d) Tulsidas

910. Who were Haha and Huhu?

- (a) Demon

- (b) Vanar
- (c) Gandharva
- (d) Yaksh

Ans: (c) Gandharva

911. Whose ministers were Anal, Anil, Har and Sampati?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Janaka
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Bharat

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

912. Whose name was *Sarvatapan*?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Surya
- (c) Vayu
- (d) Varun

Ans: (b) Surya

913. Who inspired Hanuman to leap over the ocean?

- (a) Sugreeva
- (b) Angad
- (c) Nal
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (d) Jaambavan

914. Which word *vanars* wrote on each stone while constructing the bridge over the sea to Lanka?

- (a) Rama
- (b) Sita
- (c) Taranhar
- (d) He Prabhu

Ans: (a) Rama

915. Who sent the demon Kinkar to Ashok Vatika who was killed by Hanuman?

- (a) Kumbhakarn
- (b) Kuber
- (c) Ravana
- (d) Meghnad

Ans: (c) Ravana

916. Who was the company commander of the black faced monkeys known as *langoors*?

- (a) Maind
- (b) Gavaksh
- (c) Kumud
- (d) Sushen

Ans: (b) Gavaksh

917. Who were the ancestors of *vanars*?

- (a) Deities and angels
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Indra
- (d) Surya

Ans: (a) Deities and angels

918. To whom was King Dasharath's daughter married?

- (a) Rishyashring
- (b) Vasishtha
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Rompad

Ans: (a) Rishyashring

919. At the time of Sita's abduction who had replaced the real Sita with an illusory Sita?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Brahma
- (c) Agni
- (d) Varun

Ans: (c) Agni

920. Shuk and Saran occupied which position in Lanka?

- (a) Charioteers
- (b) Head of spies
- (c) Generals
- (d) Prime Minister

Ans: (d) Prime Minister

921. How was the demon Mahodar related to Ravana?

- (a) Brother
- (b) *Chacha* (Uncle)
- (c) *Dada* (Grandfather)
- (d) *Mama* (Mother's brother)

Ans: (a) Brother

922. When Hanuman leaped to catch the sun which planet was planning to eclipse it?

- (a) Ketu
- (b) Shani
- (c) Rahu
- (d) Budh

Ans: (c) Rahu

923. Who was that *Rishi* who had foreseen most of the happenings of *Ramayana*?

- (a) Vishwamitra
- (b) Valmeeki
- (c) Jamdagni
- (d) Kashyap

Ans: (b) Valmeeki

924. The festival of Vijayadashami is celebrated on which day of which month?

- (a) On Aashwin Shukla Dashami
- (b) On Aashwin Krishna Dashami
- (c) On Jyeshtha Shukla Dashami
- (d) On Chaitra Shukla Dashami

Ans: (a) On Aashwin Shukla Dashami

925. In which month and on which day Shri Rama constructed the bridge at Rameshwaram?

- (a) Vaishakh Shukla Dwadashi
- (b) Jyestha Shukla Panchami
- (c) Aasaadh Krishna Ashtami
- (d) Jyestha Shukla Dashami

Ans: (d) Jyestha Shukla Dashami

926. Under the phase of which constellation Shatrughna was born?

- (a) Aashlesha
- (b) Rewati
- (c) Swati
- (d) Mrigshira

Ans: (a) Aashlesha

927. Name the deity who is called *Kashinath*?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Shani
- (d) Surya

Ans: (b) Shiva

928. Who gave Bharat the news of King Dasharath's death?

- (a) Kaushalya
- (b) Sumitra
- (c) Kaikeyi
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (c) Kaikeyi

929. Because no prince was present when King Dasharath died his body was submerged and preserved in which liquid?

- (a) Oil
- (b) *Ghee* (clarified butter)
- (c) *Gangajal*
- (d) *Godugdha* (cow's milk)

Ans: (a) Oil

930. Name the deity who gave Vishwamitra the title of *maharshi*?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Brahma
- (d) Varun

Ans: (c) Brahma

931. Whom did Shri Rama send to kill Lavanaasur?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Hanuman
- (d) Shatrughna

Ans: (d) Shatrughna

932. To whom did Mayaasur pray to attain the full architectural grandeur of Shukracharya?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Shiva
- (c) Indra
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (a) Brahma

933. In which part of his body did Ravana have nectar (*amrit*)?

- (a) *Nabhi* (bellybutton)
- (b) Eyes
- (c) Ears
- (d) Nose

Ans: (a) Nabhi (bellybutton)

934. Riksharaj Vanar was born from which part of Brahma's body?

- (a) Mouth
- (b) Hand
- (c) Eyes
- (d) Ears

Ans: (c) Eyes

935. Who attained the form of *Vaman* and asked King Bali for three feet of earth?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Vishnu
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Brahma

Ans: (b) Vishnu

936. To whom did Shri Rama introduce Sugreeva?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Nal
- (c) Neel
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (a) Hanuman

937. The people belonging to the barbar race were born from which part of Maharshi Vasishtha's cow?

- (a) Mouth
- (b) Stomach

- (c) Teats
- (d) Ears

Ans: (c) Teats

938. Who gave the message to Shri Rama that his time on earth was over and he should return to heaven?

- (a) Indra
- (b) Vayu
- (c) Surya
- (d) Kal

Ans: (d) Kal

939. Whose pupil was Suteekshna Muni?

- (a) Dhaumya
- (b) Yaajnavalkya
- (c) Agastya
- (d) Jamdagni

Ans: (c) Agastya

940. Name the *Rishi* who wanted to give Shri Rama the *brahmlok* and *Swarglok* but was declined by Shri Rama?

- (a) Jamdagni
- (b) Sharabhang
- (c) Dhaumya
- (d) Richeek

Ans: (b) Sharabhang

941. Who crowned Vibheeshan on the throne of Lanka?

- (a) Shri Rama
- (b) Sugreeva
- (c) Malyavan
- (d) Lakshman

Ans: (d) Lakshman

942. Who cremated Jatayu, the vulture?

- (a) Sampati
- (b) Shri Rama
- (c) Lakshman
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (b) Shri Rama

943. During her stay in the forest who gave Sitaji divine necklace, clothes and cosmetics?

- (a) Arundhati
- (b) Shoorpnakha
- (c) Anasooya
- (d) Anjani

Ans: (c) Anasooya

944. Who gave the bow to King Janaka which was used during Sita *swayamvar*?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Varun
- (c) Shiva
- (d) Indra

Ans: (b) Varun

945. Which demon attacked Shri Rama, Sita and Lakshman in Dandak Vana?

- (a) Viradh
- (b) Prahasta
- (c) Praghas
- (d) Kabandh

Ans: (a) Viradh

946. What is the name of the group of *Rishis* who were born from Brahma's nails?

- (a) Valkhilya
- (b) Salilahar
- (c) Unmajjak
- (d) Vaikhanas

Ans: (d) Vaikhanas

947. Name the group of *Rishis* who were born from the pores of Brahma?

- (a) Sajap
- (b) Valkhilya
- (c) Vayubhaksh
- (d) Panchagnisevi

Ans: (b) Valkhilya

948. Name the group of *Rishis* who eat leaves only?

- (a) Vaikhanas
- (b) Unmajjak
- (c) Patrahar
- (d) Salilahar

Ans: (c) Patrahar

949. What are those *Rishis* called who remain in water up to their neck while praying?

- (a) Vaikhanas
- (b) Valkhilya
- (c) Unmajjak
- (d) Vayubhaksh

Ans: (c) Unmajjak

950. What is that group of *Rishis* called who only live on water?

- (a) Salilahar
- (b) Sajap
- (c) Panchagnisevi
- (d) Unmajjak

Ans: (a) Salilahar

951. What is that group of *Rishis* called who live on air only?

- (a) Suparshva
- (b) Vaikhanas
- (c) Sajap
- (d) Vayubhaksh

Ans: (d) Vayubhaksh

952. Name the group of *Rishis* who keep praying eternally?

- (a) Valkhilya
- (b) Unmajjak
- (c) Sajap
- (d) Suparshva

Ans: (c) Sajap

953. What is that group of *Rishis* called who during the summer bear the heat of the sun from above and the heat of the fire from all sides?

- (a) Unmajjak
- (b) Panchagnisevi
- (c) Vayubhaksh
- (d) Vaikhanas

Ans: (b) Panchagnisevi

954. Who gave Sampati the information about Sita's abduction?

- (a) Suparshva
- (b) Jatayu
- (c) Angad
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (a) Suparshva

955. At the time of the cremation of King Dasharath which woman of his family was not present?

- (a) Kaushalya
- (b) Sita
- (c) Kaikeyi
- (d) Sumitra

Ans: (b) Sita

956. When Lakshman had gone to Kishkindhapuri and was getting angry at Sugreeva, whom did Sugreeva send to pacify him?

- (a) Rooma
- (b) Neel
- (c) Tara
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (c) Tara

957. King Nimi was whose ancestor?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Janaka

- (c) Ravana
- (d) Yudhajit

Ans: (b) Janaka

958. Whose ancestor was Nabhag?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Yudhajit
- (c) Dasharath
- (d) Janaka

Ans: (c) Dasharath

959. Which queen of Dasharath got angry and went to the *kopbhawan*?

- (a) Kaushalya
- (b) Sumitra
- (c) Kaikeyi
- (d) None

Ans: (c) Kaikeyi

960. After Shri Rama, Sita and Lakshman had left for the forest who gave their message to Dasharath?

- (a) Nishadraj Guha
- (b) Bharat
- (c) Janaka
- (d) Sumantra

Ans: (d) Sumantra

961. On reaching Lanka in what state did Hanuman see Ravana for the first time?

- (a) Dancing
- (b) Sleeping
- (c) Singing
- (d) Roaming around

Ans: (b) Sleeping

962. How did Hanuman recognise Sitaji on reaching Lanka?

- (a) From her face
- (b) From her hair
- (c) From her jewellery
- (d) From her footwear

Ans: (c) From her jewellery

963. Who are Mareechi, Atri, Angira, Pulastya, Pulaha and Kratu?

- (a) Marut
- (b) Prajapati
- (c) Aaditya
- (d) Devta (deities)

Ans: (b) Prajapati

964. On reaching Chitrakoot Shri Rama etc., had an audience with which *Rishi*?

- (a) Valmeeki
- (b) Bharadwaj
- (c) Agastya
- (d) Atri

Ans: (a) Valmeeki

965. At the time of going to the forest who gave a lecture to Lakshman?

- (a) Dasharath
- (b) Kaushalya
- (c) Sumantra
- (d) Sumitra

Ans: (d) Sumitra

966. Which minister of King Dasharath was an expert in Economics?

- (a) Jayant
- (b) Vijay
- (c) Sumantra
- (d) Akop

Ans: (c) Sumantra

967. Besides Rishi Vasishtha who else was the family priest of King Dasharath?

- (a) Gautam
- (b) Vamdev
- (c) Markandeya
- (d) Jaabaali

Ans: (b) Vamdev

968. Who was the chief queen of King Dasharath?

- (a) Kaikeyi
- (b) Sumitra
- (c) Kaushalya
- (d) All three

Ans: (c) Kaushalya

969. On the advice of Shiva the deities had gone to whom for help in destroying the demons?

- (a) Brahma
- (b) Indra
- (c) Surya
- (d) Vishnu

Ans: (d) Vishnu

970. When Lakshman was in coma who brought the medicines named Vishalyakarni, Savarnyakarni, Sanjeevakarni and Sandhani?

- (a) Hanuman
- (b) Angad
- (c) Sugreeva
- (d) Jaambavan

Ans: (a) Hanuman

971. What were the temporary wooden bridges called which could be removed at the time of enemy attack?

- (a) Kashthsetu
- (b) Kashthbandh
- (c) Sankram
- (d) Setubandh

Ans: (c) Sankram

972. What was the colour of the Takshak Naag?

- (a) Dhoomra (smoky)
- (b) Neel (blue)
- (c) Peet (yellow)
- (d) Rakta (red)

Ans: (d) Rakta Varna

973. Why was there enmity between the *vanars* and the elephants?

- (a) Because *Vanarraj* Kesari killed the demon Shambhavan who had come in the guise of an elephant
- (b) Because the *vanars* torched the elephant's jungle
- (c) Because the elephant Airawat belonging to Indra killed the *vanars*
- (d) Because *Vanarraj* Sugreeva defeated Airawat

Ans: (a) Because Vanarraj Kesari killed the demon Shambhavan who had come in the guise of an elephant

974. Whose army commander was Dooshan?

- (a) Ravana
- (b) Sahasrarjun
- (c) Khar
- (d) Bali

Ans: (c) Khar

975. Who gave the news of Jatayu's killing to Sampati?

- (a) Jaambavan
- (b) Sushen
- (c) Angad
- (d) Dvidid

Ans: (c) Angad

976. Who had taken the invitation of Shri Rama's marriage from the side of King Janaka to King Dasharath?

- (a) Vasishtha
- (b) Shatananda
- (c) Parashurama
- (d) Vishwamitra

Ans: (b) Shatanand

977. At the time of constructing the bridge to reach Lanka who established the *Shivaling*?

- (a) Shri Rama

- (b) Vibheeshan
- (c) Janaka
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (a) Shri Rama

978. To win the battle with Ravana which *Rishi* had advised Shri Rama to chant the *Aadityahridaya*?

- (a) Yajnavalkya
- (b) Agastya
- (c) Valmiki
- (d) Atri

Ans: (b) Agastya

979. What is that house called which has four rooms, has four doors each one opening in each direction?

- (a) Nandyavarta
- (b) Vardhman
- (c) Sarvatobhadra
- (d) Swastik

Ans: (c) Sarvatobhadra

980. What is that house called which has only three doors, and with none opening towards the west?

- (a) Swastik
- (b) Nandyavarta
- (c) Vardhman
- (d) Sarvatobhadra

Ans: (b) Nandyavarta

981. What is that house called which has doors opening in all directions except south?

- (a) Vardhman
- (b) Swastik
- (c) Nandyavarta
- (d) Sarvatobhadra

Ans: (a) Vardhman

982. What is that house called which has only one door opening towards the east and in no other direction?

- (a) Sarvatobhadra
- (b) Vardhman
- (c) Nandyavarta
- (d) Swastik

Ans: (d) Swastik

983. What is that blue line visible in the head of a snake called?

- (a) Swastik
- (b) Shiro rekha
- (c) Neel rekha

(d) Phana rekha

Ans: (a) Swastik

984. The *chaukee* (stool) on which the game of *pasa* is spread out or played is called?

(a) Dyoot chaukee

(b) Dyoot patta

(c) Dyoot phalak

(d) Dyoot aasan

Ans: (c) Dyoot phalak

985. What are the following — *Raudra, Saarp, Maitra, Paitra, Vaasav, Aapya, Vaishva, Braahm, Praj, Iesh, Aindra, Aindragna, Nairit, Vaarunaryaman* and *Bhagi*?

(a) Prajapati

(b) Maharshi

(c) Marut

(d) Muhoorta

Ans: (d) Muhoorta

986. What was the name given to the controller of the *antahpur* (the ladies part of the house)?

(a) Antarveshik

(b) Antaradhyaksh

(c) Antahpal

(d) Antahrakshak

Ans: (a) Antarveshik

987. The man who delegated the duties to the guards was known as what?

(a) Prahari Pramukh

(b) Pradeshta

(c) Prahari Nayak

(d) Dwar Adhyaksh

Ans: (b) Pradeshta

988. Who were *Aavah, Pravah, Samvah, Udvah, Vivah, Parivah* and *Paraavah*?

(a) Prajapati

(b) Gandharva

(c) Marut

(d) Yaksh

Ans: (c) Marut

989. What was known as Chaturanginee Sena?

(a) In whose chariots four horses were used

(b) Whose flag used to be of four colours

(c) Which consisted of four parts having elephants, horses, chariots and infantry

(d) Which had conquered all the four directions

Ans: (c) Which consisted of four parts having elephants, horses, chariots and infantry

990. What was the name given to a weight of thirty-two *sers*?

(a) Vitan

- (b) Vyam
- (c) Dron
- (d) Vayut

Ans: (c) Dron

991. When you spread both your hands the distance between the tips of the fingers of both the hands is known as:

- (a) Vyam
- (b) Vayut
- (c) Vitan
- (d) Dron

Ans: (a) Vyam

992. What is the fast unto death called?

- (a) Nirjal Anashan
- (b) Amaran Anashan
- (c) Pranotsarga Karma
- (d) Prayopveshan

Ans: (d) Prayopveshan

993. According to the *Adbhut Ramayana* how was Mahiravana related to Ravana?

- (a) Son
- (b) Brother
- (c) Father
- (d) *Mama* (Mother's brother)

Ans: (a) Son

994. In the *Ashwamedh yajna* performed by Shri Rama the statue of Sita which was placed beside him was made of :

- (a) Gold
- (b) Iron
- (c) Copper
- (d) Bronze

Ans: (a) Gold

995. How was *Gandharvaraj* Shailoosh related to Vibheeshan?

- (a) *Mama*
- (b) Father
- (c) Father-in-law
- (d) Brother-in-law

Ans: (c) Father-in-law

996. Who was the father-in-law of Bharat and Shatrughna?

- (a) Seeradhvaj
- (b) Shatadhvaj
- (c) Makardhwaj
- (d) Kushadhvaj

Ans: (d) Kushadhvaj

997. Mukta, Amukta, Mahamukta and Mantramukta are the parts of which Veda?

- (a) Samveda
- (b) Dhanurveda
- (c) Yajurveda
- (d) Rigveda

Ans: (b) Dhanurveda

998. Name the place where Rama got his hair-locks shorn after banishment?

- (a) In Ayodhya
- (b) In Nandigram
- (c) At the bank of Sarayu
- (d) In the hermitage of Valmeeki

Ans: (b) In Nandigram

999. Among the following who deserted Ravana and came to the side of Rama?

- (a) Kumbhakarn
- (b) Trishira
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Khar

Ans: (c) Vibheeshan

1000. Whom did Rama send to Bharat after completing his banishment period?

- (a) Lakshman
- (b) Jaambavan
- (c) Vibheeshan
- (d) Hanuman

Ans: (d) Hanuman

□

SHRI RAMA@S LINEAGE¹

1. Brahma



2. Mareechi



3. Kashyap



4. Vivasvan



5. Vaivaswat Manu



6. Ikshwaku



7. Kukshi



8. Vikukshi



9. Baan



10. Anaranya



11. Prithu



12. Trishanku



13. Dhundhumar



14. Yuvanashva



15. Maandhata



16. Susandhi



17. Dhruvsandhi

(Prasenjit)



18. Bharat



19. Asit



20. Sagar



21. Asamanja



22. Anshuman



23. Dileep



24. Bhageerath



25. Kakutsth



26. Raghu



**27. Pravridh
(Kalmashpad)**



28. Shankhan



29. Sudarshan



30. Agnivarna



31. Sheeghrag



32. Maru



33. Prashushruk



34. Ambareesh



35. Nahush



36. Yayaati



37. Nabhag



38. Aja



39. Dasharath



40. Shri Rama

□

JANAKA@S LINEAGE²

1. Nimi



2. Mithi



3. Janaka



4. Udvasu



5. Nandiwardhan



6. Suketu



7. Devrat



8. Brihadrath



9. Mahaveerya



10. Sudhriti



11. Dhristketu



12. Haryashva



13. Maru



14. Prateendhak



15. Keertirath



16. Devmeedh



17. Vibudh



18. Maheedhrak



19. Keertirat



20. Maharoma



21. Swarnroma



22. Hrasvaroma



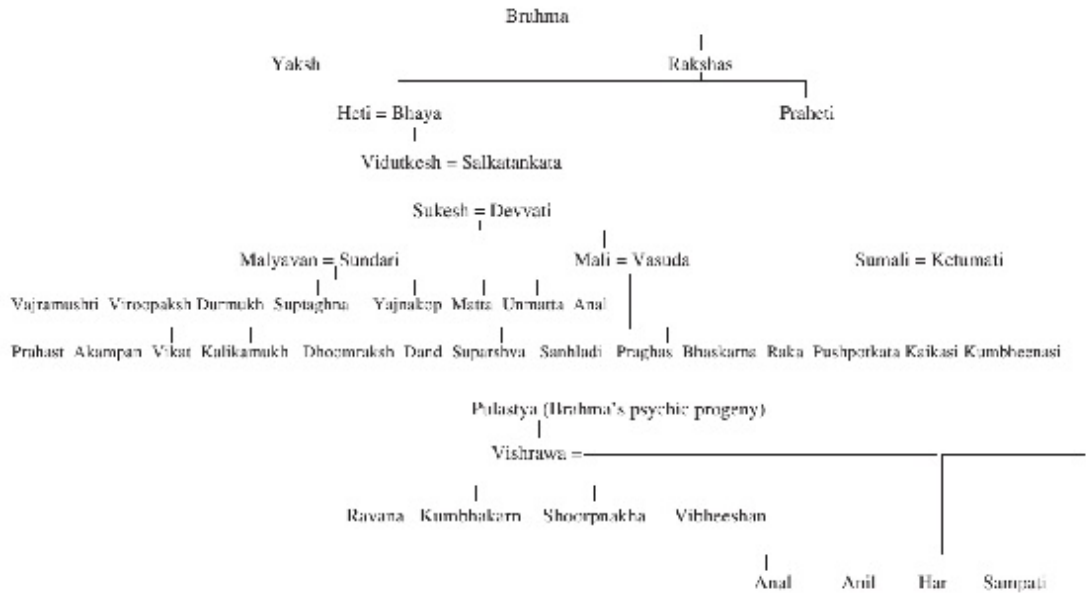
23. Seeradhvaj (Janaka), Kushadhvaj



24. Sitaji



RAVANA'S FAMILY TREE



Notes

[←1]

. Based on Valmeeki Ramayana.

[←2]

. Based on Valmeeki Ramayana.